School of Computing Science and Engineering B.Tech CSE

ETE - Jun 2023

Time: 3 Hours Marks: 50

Sem VI - BTCS9506 - Quantum Information Theory

Your answer should be specific to the question asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

| 1. | What is a concise definition of homomorphism, and could you provide a suitable example to illustrate it? | K3 CO4 | (2) |
|-----|--|--------|-----|
| 2. | Convert your circuit into a classical reversible one. | K4 CO5 | (2) |
| 3. | How quantum information is used in quantum computing? | K1 CO2 | (2) |
| 4. | What is a brief definition of Quantum gates? | K4 CO3 | (2) |
| 5. | Describe quantum information theory problem involving qubits and quantum gates. | K2 CO1 | (2) |
| 6. | State the different Measurement Error Mitigation in Quantum Circuits. | K4 CO4 | (5) |
| 7. | Determine the efficiency of Shor's algorithm in the general case when r does not divide 2n. | K6 CO4 | (6) |
| 8. | Can you explain the concept of quantum entanglement and discuss its significance in the context of quantum information processing? | K3 CO3 | (5) |
| 9. | Construct a classical Boolean circuit with three input bits and two output bits that compute as a two-bit binary number the number of 1 bits in the input. | K5 CO6 | (8) |
| 10. | Can other types of measurement produce an entangled state from an unentangled one? If so, give an example. If not, give a proof. | K5 CO5 | (8) |
| 11. | Show that any state resulting from measuring an unentangled state with a single-qubit measurement is still unentangled. | K4 CO4 | (8) |