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School of Law

Integrated Bachelor of Arts - Bachelor of Law
Mid Term Examination - May 2024

Duration : 90 Minutes
Max Marks : 50

Sem VI - J1UB604T - Family Law IIGeneral Instructions

Answer to the specific question asked

Draw neat, labelled diagrams wherever necessary

Approved data hand books are allowed subject to verification by the Invigilator

- 1) Examine the process to opt out from coparcenary. K2 (2)
- 2) Rohit, a Hindu male, passes away intestate, survived by his two siblings, Rahul and Priya. However, Rahul and Priya are related to Rohit by half blood, as they share only one parent with him. How would the distribution of Rohit's property be affected by the provision stating that heirs related by full blood are preferred to heirs related by half blood? K1 (3)
- 3) Discuss the doctrine of survivorship. K2 (4)
- 4) Discuss whether an insane person can be a coparcener. K2 (6)
- 5) Compare partition under Mitakshara and Dayabhaga schools. K3 (8)
- 6) A Hindu Man married to a Non Hindu woman raised their children as Hindus. Identify whether the father and son form a coparcenership? K3 (9)
- 7) The Hindu law, after the partition, has made it possible to reopen the partition or revoke the partition. Categorise and classify the ways through which partition can be changed. K4 (8)
- 8) Discuss the Class I heirs as mentioned under the Hindu Succession Act citing examples. K4 (12)

OR

According to Section 8 of the Hindu Succession Act, what are the general rules of succession for the property of a male Hindu dying intestate? Enumerate the hierarchy of heirs specified in the Act. K4 (12)