

ADMISSION NUMBER										

## **School of Engineering**

B.TECH Electrical Engineering Mid Term Examination - May 2024

Duration : 90 Minutes Max Marks : 50

## Sem IV - G2UB402B - Electrical Machine I

<u>General Instructions</u> Answer to the specific question asked Draw neat, labelled diagrams wherever necessary Approved data hand books are allowed subject to verification by the Invigilator

- 1) Why the core flux in a transformer is almost independent of load K2 (2) current?
- 2) Define all day efficiency. How this efficiency of a transformer varies <sup>K1 (3)</sup> with load?
- 3) Derive the condition for maximum efficiency and thus find the load K2 (4) current at which the efficiency is maximum.
- 4) The No-Load current of a 4400/440 V, 1-Φ, 50 Hz transformer is 0.04 A. It consumes power 80 W at no-load when supply is given to LV side and HV side is kept open. Calculate the following: (i) Power factor of no-load current. (ii) Iron loss component of current. (iii) Magnetizing component of current.
- 5) Identify and explain SCOTT connection for phase conversation in <sup>K3 (6)</sup> transformer.
- 6) Make use of circuit diagram, explain how a two phase supply can be obtained from a three phase supply. Prove that three phase currents will be balanced, for a balanced upf load on 2-phase side.
- <sup>7)</sup> Show that open delta connection of a 3-phase transformer delivers <sup>K4 (8)</sup> only 57.7% of the VA rating of its normal  $\Delta$ - $\Delta$  connection.
- 8) A 20-kVA, 50-Hz, 2000/200-V distribution transformer has a leakage impedance of 0.42 + j 0.52 W in the high-voltage (HV) winding and 0.004 + j 0.05 W in the low-voltage (LV) winding. When seen from the LV side, the shunt branch admittance Y0 is (0.002 j 0.015) at rated voltage and frequency. Analyze and draw the equivalent circuit referred to (a) HV side and (b) LV side, indicating all impedances on the circuit.

## OR

The parameters of the equivalent circuit of a 150-kVA, 2400/240-V transformer are: R1 = 0.2  $\Omega$ , R2 = 2 \* 10<sup>A</sup>-3  $\Omega$  X1 = 0.45 $\Omega$ , X2 = 4.5 \*10<sup>A</sup>-3  $\Omega$  Ri = 10 k $\Omega$ , Xm = 1.6 k $\Omega$  (as seen from 2400-V side) Calculate: (a) Open-circuit current, power and pf when LV is excited at rated voltage (b) The voltage at which the HV should be excited to conduct a short-circuit test (LV shorted) with full load current flowing. What is the input power and its pf?