

## **ONLINE SHOPPING SYSTEM**

Submitted by

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**IN BRANCH OFSTUDY** 

## SCHOOL OF COMPUTING SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

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# SCHOOL OF COMPUTING AND SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

## **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report "ONLINE SHOPPING SYSTEM" is the bonafide work of "MAHIMA SINGH(1713203018)" who carried out the project work under my supervision.

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## **ABSTRACT**

This project is a web based shopping system for an existing shop. The project objective is to deliver the online shopping application into android platform.

This project is an attempt to provide the advantages of online shopping to customers of a real shop. It helps buying the products in the shop anywhere through internet by using an android device. Thus the customer will get the service of online shopping and home delivery from his favorite shop. This system can be implemented to any shop in the locality or to multinational branded shops having retail outlet chains.

If shops are providing an online portal where their customers can enjoy easy shopping from anywhere, the shops won't be losing any more customers to the trending online shops such as flipcart or ebay. Since the application is available in the Smartphone it is easily accessible and always available.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

I take this occasion to thank God, almighty for blessing us with his grace and taking our endeavor to a successful culmination. I extend my sincere and heartfelt thanks to our esteemed guide, **DR. N.**THILLAIARASU, for providing me with the right guidance and advice at the crucial junctures and for showing me the right way. Last but not the least, I would like to thank my friends and family for the support and encouragement they have given me during the course of our work.

**DIVYA MISHRA(1713203014)** 

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#### **CHAPTER 1**

## INTRODUCTION

This project is a web based shopping system for an existing shop. The project objective is to deliver the online shopping application into android platform.

Online shopping is the process whereby consumers directly buy goods or services from a seller in real-time, without an intermediary service, over the Internet. It is a form of electronic commerce. This project is an attempt to provide the advantages of online shopping to customers of a real shop. It helps buying the products in the shop anywhere through internet by using an android device. Thus the customer will get the service of online shopping and home delivery from his favorite shop

#### 1.1 PROJECT OBJECTIVE:

The objective of the project is to make an application in android platform to purchase items in an existing shop. In order to build such an application complete web support need to be provided. A complete and efficient web application which can provide the online shopping experience is the basic objective of the project. The web application can be implemented in the form of an android application with web view.

#### 1.2 PROJECT OVER VIEW:

The central concept of the application is to allow the customer to shop virtually using the Internet and allow customers to buy the items and articles of their desire from the store. The information pertaining to the products are stores on an RDBMS at the server side (store).

The Server process the customers and the items are shipped to the address submitted by them. The application was designed into two modules first is for the customers who wish to buy the articles. Second is for the storekeepers who maintains and updates the information pertaining to the articles and those of the customers. The end user of this product is a departmental store where the application is hosted on the web and the administrator maintains the database. The application which is deployed at the customer database, the details of the items are brought forward from the database for the customer view based on the selection through the menu and the database of all the products are updated at the end of each transaction. Data entry into the application can be done through various screens designed for various levels of users. Once the authorized personnel feed the relevant data into the system, several reports could be generated as per the security.

#### 1.3 PROJECT SCOPE:

This system can be implemented to any shop in the locality or to multinational branded shops having retail outlet chains. The system recommends a facility to accept the orders 24\*7 and a home delivery system which can make customers happy.

If shops are providing an online portal where their customers can enjoy easy shopping from anywhere, the shops won't be losing any more customers to the trending online shops such as flipcart or ebay. Since the application is available in the Smartphone it is easily accessible and always available.

#### 1.4 STUDY OF THE SYSTEM

#### 1.4.1 MODULES:

The system after careful analysis has been identified to be presented with the following modules and roles.

The modules involved are:

- Administrator
- Users

#### 1.4.1.1 ADMINISTRATOR:

The administrator is the super user of this application. Only admin have access into this admin page. Admin may be the owner of the shop. The administrator has all the information about all the users and about all products.

This module is divided into different sub-modules.

- 1. Manage Products
- 2. Manage Users
- 3. Manage Orders

## **MANAGE PRODUCTS**

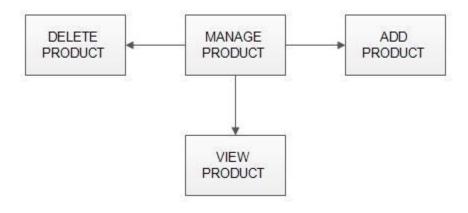


Fig 1.3: Manage Products

## > Add Products

The shopping cart project contains different kind of products. The products can be classified into different categories by name. Admin can add new products into the existing system with all its details including an image.

## Delete Products

Administrator can delete the products based on the stock of that particular product.

## Search products

Admin will have a list view of all the existing products. He can also search for a particular product by name.

## **MANAGE USER**

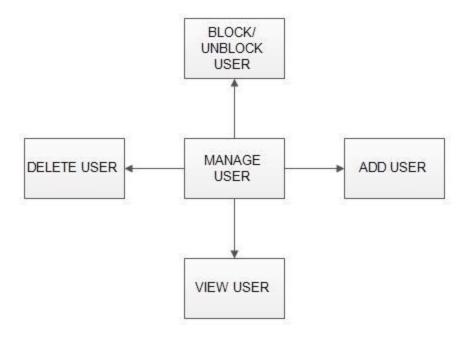


Fig 1.4: Manage User

## View Users

The admin will have a list view of all the users registered in the system. Admin can view all the details of each user in the list except password.

## > Add Users

Admin has privileges to add a user directly by providing the details.

#### Delete &Block Users

Administrator has a right to delete or block a user. The default status of a new user registered is set as blocked. The admin must accept the new user by unblocking him.

## **MANAGE ORDERS**



Fig 1.5: Manage Orders

## View Order

Administrator can view the Orders which is generated by the users. He can verify the details of the purchase.

#### Delete order

Admin can delete order from the orders list when the product is taken for delivery.

#### 1.4.1.2 MODERATORS

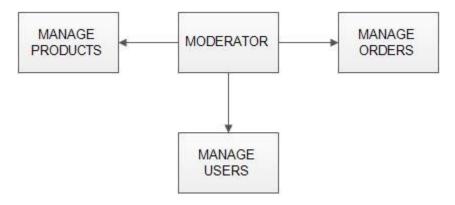


Fig 1.6: Moderator Module

A moderator is considered as a staff who can manage orders for the time being. As a future update moderator may give facility to add and manage his own products. Moderators can reduce the work load of admin. Now moderator has all the privilege an admin having except managing other moderators. He can add products and users. He can also check the orders and edit his profile.

- Manage products
- Manage users
- Manage orders

#### 1.4.1.3 USERS

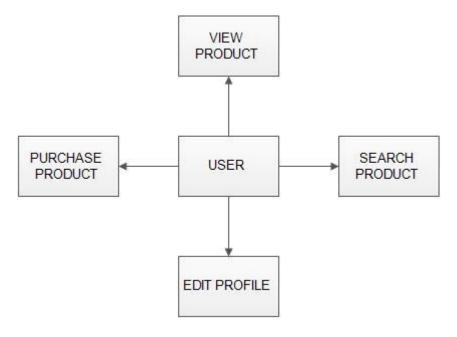


Fig 1.7: User Module

## Registration

A new user will have to register in the system by providing essential details in order to view the products in the system. The admin must accept a new user by unblocking him.

#### > Login

A user must login with his user name and password to the system after registration.

#### View Products

User can view the list of products based on their names after successful login. A detailed description of a particular product with product name, products details, product image, price can be viewed by users.

## Search Product

Users can search for a particular product in the list by name.

## > Add to cart:

The user can add the desired product into his cart by clicking add to cart option on the product.

He can view his cart by clicking on the cart button. All products added by cart can be viewed in the cart. User can remove an item from the cart by clicking remove.

## ➤ Submit Cart:

After confirming the items in the cart the user can submit the cart by providing a delivery address. On successful submitting the cart will become empty.

## > History

In the history the user will have a view of pending orders.

## ➤ Edit Profile

The user can view and edit the profile.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

## SYSTEM ANALYSIS

System analysis is the process of gathering and interpreting facts, diagnosing problems and using the information to recommend improvements on the system. System analysis is a problem solving activity that requires intensive communication between the system users and system developers.

System analysis or study is an important phase of any system development process. The system is viewed as a whole, the inputs are identified and the system is subjected to close study to identify the problem areas. The solutions are given as a proposal. The proposal is reviewed on user request and suitable changes are made. This loop ends as soon as the user is satisfied with the proposal.

#### 2.1 EXISTING SYSTEM

The current system for shopping is to visit the shop manually and from the available product choose the item customer want and buying the item by payment of the price of the item.

1. It is less user-friendly.

- 2. User must go to shop and select products.
- 3. It is difficult to identify the required product.
- 4. Description of the product limited.
- 5. It is a time consuming process
- 6. Not in reach of distant users.

#### 2.2 PROPOSED SYSTEM

In the proposed system customer need not go to the shop for buying the products. He can order the product he wish to buy through the application in his Smartphone. The shop owner will be admin of the system. Shop owner can appoint moderators who will help owner in managing the customers and product orders. The system also recommends a home delivery system for the purchased products.

#### 2.3 SYSTEM REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION

#### 2.3.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### **Product Description:**

The system consists of two parts .A web application which can provide the online shopping service and an android application for the customer to

access the web service from his Smartphone. Web application should be able to help the customer for selecting his item and to help the owner in managing the orders from the customers.

#### Problem Statement:

As online shopping became a trend nowadays the regular shops are losing their customers to online brands. Customers have effortless shopping experience and saving time through shopping online. For competing with those online brands, If shops are providing an online portal where their customers can shop through internet and get the products at their doors it will increase the number of customers.

#### 2.3.2 SYSTEM OBJECTIVES

- To provide an android application for online shopping of products in an existing shop.
- To provide a online shopping web site for the same shop.

#### 2.3.3 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

#### 2.3.3.1 NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

#### i. EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENT

When an online shopping cart android application implemented customer can purchase product in an efficient manner.

#### ii. RELIABILITY REQUIREMENT

The system should provide a reliable environment to both customers and owner. All orders should be reaching at the admin without any errors.

#### iii. USABILITY REQUIREMENT

The android application is designed for user friendly environment and ease of use.

#### iv. IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENT

Implementation of the system using css and html in front end with jsp as back end and it will be used for database connectivity. And the database part is developed by mysql. Responsive web designing is used for making the website compatible for any type of screen.

#### v. DELIVERY REQUIREMENT

The whole system is expected to be delivered in four months of time with

a weekly evaluation by the project guide.

#### 2.3.3.2 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

## **USER**

USER LOGIN\_

## **Description of feature**

This feature used by the user to login into system. A user must login with his user name and password to the system after registration. If they are invalid, the user not allowed to enter the system.

## Functional requirement

- Username and password will be provided after user registration is confirmed.
- Password should be hidden from others while typing it in the field

REGISTER NEW USER

## **Description of feature**

A new user will have to register in the system by providing essential details in order to view the products in the system. The admin must accept a new user by unblocking him.

## Functional requirement

- System must be able to verify and validate information.
- The system must encrypt the password of the customer to provide security.
- PURCHASING AN ITEM.

## **Description of feature**

The user can add the desired product into his cart by clicking add to cart option on the product. He can view his cart by clicking on the cart button. All products added by cart can be viewed in the cart. User can remove an item from the cart by clicking remove. After confirming the items in the cart the user can submit the cart by providing a delivery address. On successful submitting the cart will become empty.

## Functional requirement

 System must ensure that, only a registered customer can purchase items.

## <u>ADMIN</u>

> MANAGE USER

## **Description of feature**

The administrator can add user, delete user, view user and block user.

MANAGE MODERATOR

## **Description of feature**

The administrator can add moderator, delete moderator, block moderator and search for a moderator.

> MANAGE PRODUCTS

## **Description of feature**

The administrator can add product, delete product and view product.

MANAGE ORDERS

## **Description of feature**

The administrator can view orders and delete orders.

## Functional requirements

-The system must identify the login of the admin.

-Admin account should be secured so that only owner of the shop can access that account

## **MODERATOR**

#### Description of features

A moderator is considered as a staff who can manage orders for the time being. As a future update moderator may give facility to add and manage his own products. Moderators can reduce the work load of admin. Now moderator has all the privilege of an admin having except managing other moderators. He can manage users and manage products. He can also check the orders and edit his profile.

## Functional requirement

-The system must identify the login of a moderator.

#### **CHAPTER 3**

## SYSTEM DESIGN

System design is the solution for the creation of a new system. This phase focuses on the detailed implementation of the feasible system. It emphasis on translating design. Specifications to performance specification. System design has two phases of development

- Logical design
- Physical design

During logical design phase the analyst describes inputs (sources), output s(destinations), databases (data sores) and procedures (data flows) all in a format that meets the user requirements. The analyst also specifies the needs of the user at a level that virtually determines the information flow in and out of the system and the data resources. Here the logical design is done through data flow diagrams and database design. The physical design is followed by physical design or coding. Physical design produces the working system by defining the design specifications, which specify

exactly what the candidate system must do. The programmers write the necessary programs that accept input from the user, perform necessary processing on accepted data and produce the required report on a hard copy or display it on the screen.

#### 3.1 INPUT AND OUTPUT DESIGN

#### 3.1.1 INPUT DESIGN:

Input design is the link that ties the information system into the world of its

users. The input design involves determining the inputs, validating the data, minimizing the data entry and provides a multi-user facility. Inaccurate inputs are the most common cause of errors in data processing. Errors entered by the data entry operators can controlled by input design. The user-originated inputs are converted to a computer based format in the input design. Input data are collected and organized into groups of similar data. Once identified, the appropriate input media are selected for processing. All the input data are validated and if any data violates any conditions, the user is warned message. If the data satisfies all the conditions, it is transferred to the appropriate tables in the database. In this project the student details are to be entered at the time of registration. A page is designed for this purpose which is user friendly and easy to use. The design is done such that users get appropriate messages when exceptions occur.

#### 3.1.2 OUTPUT DESIGN:

Computer output is the most important and direct source of information to the user. Output design is a very important phase since the output needs to be in an efficient manner. Efficient and intelligible output design improves the system relationship with the user and helps in decision making. Allowing the user to view the sample screen is important because the user is the ultimate judge of the quality of output. The output module of this system is the selected notifications.

#### 3.2 DATABASE

#### DATABASE DESIGN:

Databases are the storehouses of data used in the software systems. The data is stored in tables inside the database. Several tables are created for the manipulation of the data for the system. Two essential settings for a database are

☐ Primary Key- the field that is unique for all the record occurrences.

☐ Foreign Key-the field used to set relation between tables.

Normalization is a technique to avoid redundancy in the tables.

#### 3.3 SYSTEM TOOLS

The various system tools that have been used in developing both the front end and the back end of the project are being discussed in this chapter.

#### 3.3.1.FRONT END:

JSP, HTML, CSS, JAVA SCRIPT, ANDROID are utilized to implement the frontend.

## Java Server Pages (JSP)

Different pages in the applications are designed using jsp. A Java Server Pages component is a type of Java servlet that is designed to fulfil the role of a user interface for a Java web application. Web developers write JSPs as text files that combine HTML or XHTML code, XML elements, and embedded JSP actions and commands. Using JSP, one can collect input from users through web page.

## HTML (Hyper Text Markup Language)

HTML is a syntax used to format a text document on the web.

## CSS (Cascading Style Sheets)

CSS is a style sheet language used for describing the look and formatting of a document written in a markup language.

## Java Script

JS is a dynamic computer programming language. It is most commonly used as part of web browsers, whose implementations allow client-side

scripts to interact with the user, control the browser, communicate asynchronously, and alter the document content that is displayed.

Java Script is used to create pop up windows displaying different alerts in the system like "User registered successfully", "Product added to cart" etc.

#### 3.3.2 BACK END

The back end is implemented using MySQL which is used to design the databases.

#### **MySQL**

MySQL is the world's second most widely used open-source relational database management system (RDBMS). The SQL phrase stands for Structured Query Language.

An application software called Navicat was used to design the tables in MySQL.

## 3.4 TABLES

## > LOGIN

login					
Field Name	Field Type	Default	AllowN	ull PriKey	Extra
uid	int(11) FIRST	800	NO	YES	auto_increment
uname	varchar(50) AFTER 'ui	ď,	NO	NO	
upass	varchar(50) AFTER `ui	name`	NO	NO	
utype	varchar(20) AFTER 'up	oass`	NO	NO	
enabled	varchar(10) AFTER 'ut	ype`	NO	NO	

Fig 3.1: Login Table

## > USER DETAILS

userdetails					
Field Name	Field Type	Default	AllowNull I	PriKey	Extra
uid uloginname uemailid umobno	int(11) FIRST varchar(50) AFTER ` varchar(100) AFTER varchar(30) AFTER `	`uloginname	NO M	YES NO NO NO	

Fig 3.2: User Details Table

## > PRODUCT DETAILS

product_details						
Field Name	Field Type	Default	AllowNull	PriKey	Extra	
id name description price photo	int(11) FIRST varchar(100) AFTER `i varchar(500) AFTER `i varchar(50) AFTER `d varchar(100) AFTER `	name` escription`	NO NO YES YES YES	YES NO NO NO NO	auto_increment	

Fig 3.3: Product Details Table

## > PRODUCT ORDERS

product_orders					
Field Name	Field Type	Default	AllowNul	l PriKey	Extra
id product_id user_id deliver_address	int(11) FIRST int(11) AFTER `id` int(11) AFTER `produ varchar(500) AFTER `		NO NO NO YES	YES NO NO NO	auto_increment

Fig 3.4: Product Orders table

#### 3.5 E-R DIAGRAMS

## > LOGIN

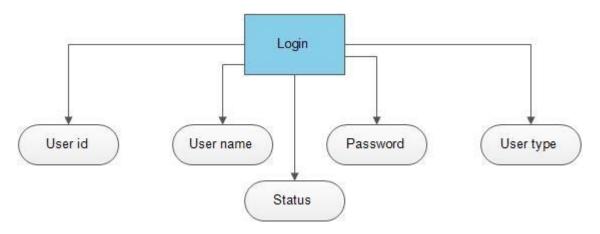


Fig 3.5: Login

## > USER DETAILS

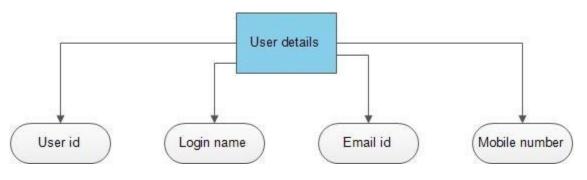


Fig 3.6: User Details

## > PRODUCT DETAILS

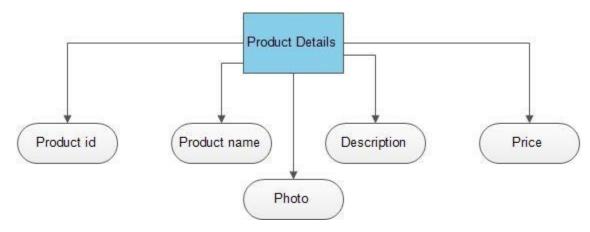


Fig 3.7: Product Details

## > PRODUCT ORDERS

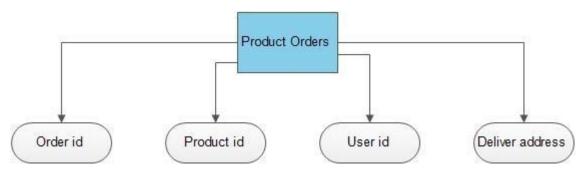


Fig 3.8: Product Orders

#### COMPLETE DIAGRAM

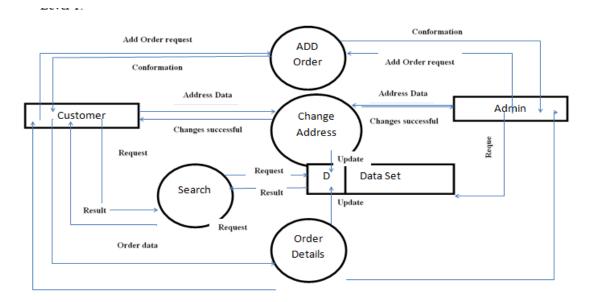


Fig 3.9: Complete Diagram

#### 3.6 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a structured analysis and design tool that can be used for flowcharting. A DFD is network that а describes the flow of data and the processes that change transform the data throughout a system. This network is constructed by of symbols physical using a set that do imply not any implementation. It has the purpose of clarifying system

### > LOGIN DFD

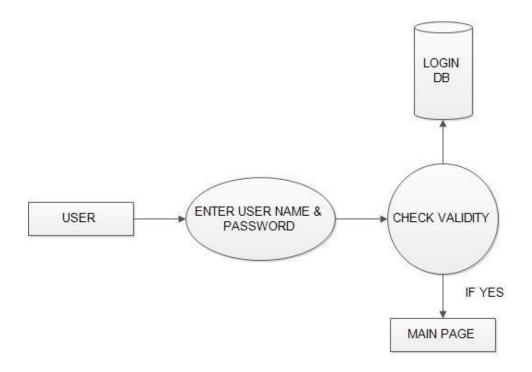


Fig 3.10: Login DFD

# > REGISTRATION DFD

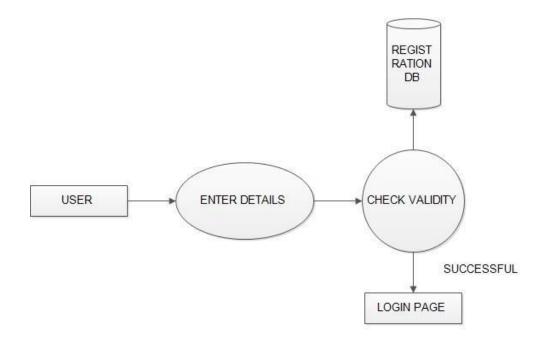


Fig 3.11: Registration DFD

# > ADMIN DFD

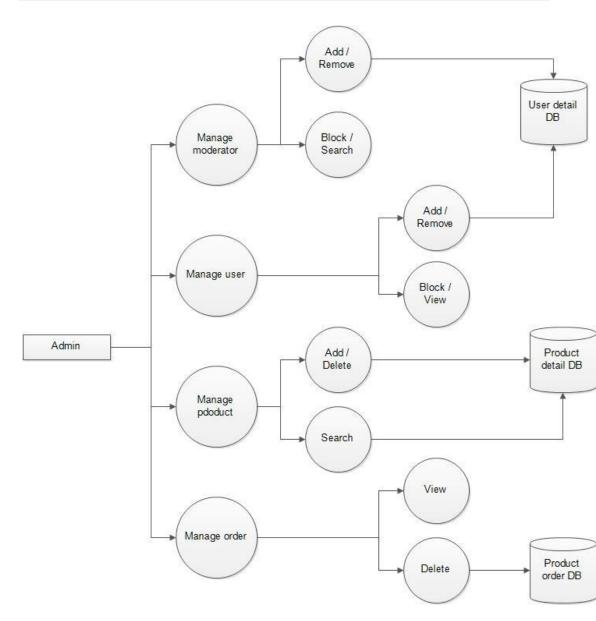
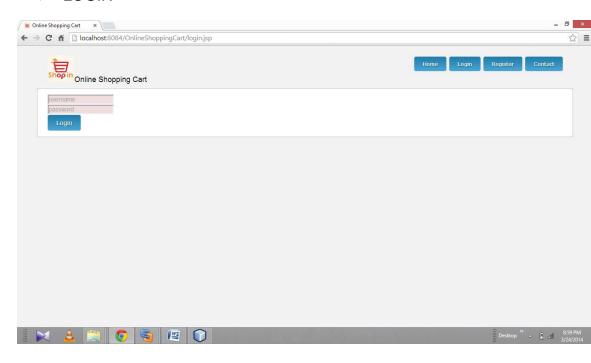


Fig 3.12: Admin DFD

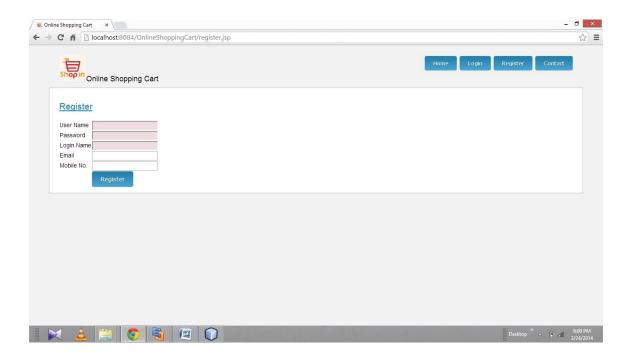
### 3.7 SCREEN SHOTS

### > LOGIN

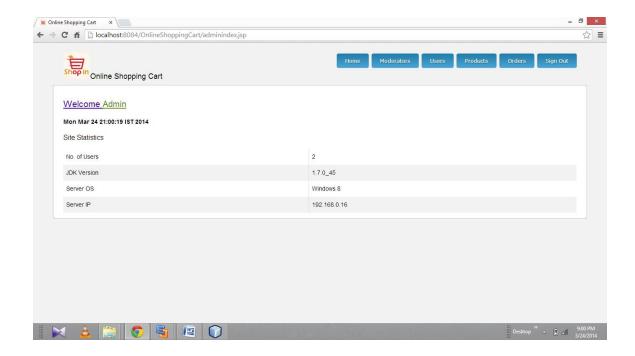


# > REGISTRATION

### Online Shopping System

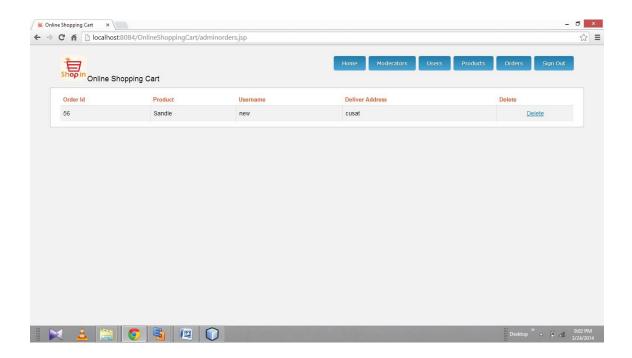


### **ADMIN HOME**

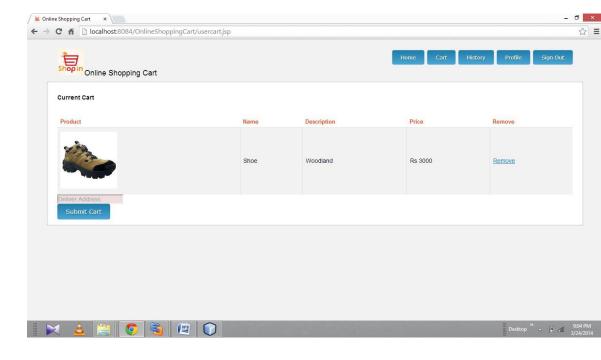


### > ADMIN ORDER

### Online Shopping System



### ➤ USER CART



### 3.8 SAMPLE CODE

- > LOGIN PAGE
- < @include file="template/top.jsp" %>
- <%@include file="template/menu\_public.jsp" %>
- <%@include file="template/body\_start.jsp" %>
- <form id="form" action="loginbaseselect.jsp">

```
<input type="text" name="uname" id="uname"
placeholder="username" required=""/> 
   <input type="password" name="upass" id="upass"
placeholder="password" required=""/>
   <button class="button" type="submit" id="search-
submit">Login</button>
                    <div id="result"></div>
   </form>
<script type="text/javascript">
  <%
```

```
if (request.getParameter("login") != null &&
request.getParameter("login").contentEquals("failed")) {
  %>
  alert("Login Failed !!!");
  <%
                                 }
  %>
  <%
          if (request.getParameter("login") != null &&
request.getParameter("login").contentEquals("dissabled")) {
  %>
  alert("User Blocked !!!");
  <%
                                 }
  %>
  <%
          if (request.getParameter("login") != null &&
request.getParameter("login").contentEquals("unknown")) {
  %>
  alert("Unknown user !!!");
  <%
                                 }
```

```
%>
</script>
```

%@include file="template/body\_end.jsp" %

```
REGISTRATION
```

```
<input type="text" required="" name="uname" id="uname"
/>
       Password
       <input type="password" required="" name="upass"
id="upass" />
       Login Name
       <input type="text" required="" name="lname" id="lname" />
```

```
Email
 <input type="email" name="emailid" id="emailid" />
 Mobile No.
 <input type="text" name="mobno" id="mobno" />
```

```
<button class="button" type="submit">Register</button>
         </form>
</div>
<script type="text/javascript">
  <%
         if (request.getParameter("reg") != null &&
request.getParameter("reg").contentEquals("failed")) {
  %>
    alert("Registration Failed !!!");
  <%
                              }
  %>
  <%
```

```
if (request.getParameter("reg") != null &&
request.getParameter("reg").contentEquals("success")) {
    %>
        alert("Registration Completed")
    <%
        }
    %>
    </script>
```

%@include file="template/body\_end.jsp" %

### > DB REGISTRATION

```
<%@page import="java.io.File"%>
<%@page import="java.sql.ResultSet"%>
```

< @page import="config.Config"%>

<@@page import="DataBase.DB"%>

<%

```
+ request.getParameter("uname") + "',SHA1("
            + request.getParameter("upass") + "'),'"
            + "user" + "',"
            + "false" + "')")) {
          ResultSet r = DB.executeQuery("select max(uid) from login");
          r.next();
          String uid = r.getString(1);
          if (DB.executeUpdate("insert into userdetails values("
               + uid + ",'"
               + request.getParameter("Iname") + "','"
               + request.getParameter("emailid") + "','"
               + request.getParameter("mobno") + "')")) {
            // this code generates the qr code inside the QR_Code folder
in the c drive
            response.sendRedirect("index.jsp?reg=success");
          }
       } else {
          response.sendRedirect("register.jsp?reg=failed");
       }
```

%>

```
LOGIN BASE SELECTION
< @page import="DataBase.DB"%>
<@@page import="java.sql.ResultSet"%>
<%
       String uname = request.getParameter("uname");
       String upass = request.getParameter("upass");
       ResultSet r = DB.executeQuery("select * from login where
uname="" + uname + "' and upass=SHA1("" + upass + "')");
       if (r != null && r.next()) {
         if (r.getString("enabled") != null &&
r.getString("enabled").contentEquals("true")) {
            session.setAttribute("uname", uname);
            session.setAttribute("uid", r.getString("uid"));
            session.setAttribute("utype",r.getString("utype"));
```

```
if (r.getString("utype").contentEquals("admin")) {
       response.sendRedirect("adminindex.jsp");
     } else if (r.getString("utype").contentEquals("mod")) {
       response.sendRedirect("modindex.jsp");
     } else if (r.getString("utype").contentEquals("user")) {
       response.sendRedirect("userindex.jsp");
     } else {
       session.setAttribute("uname", null);
       session.setAttribute("uid", null);
       session.setAttribute("utype",null);
       response.sendRedirect("login.jsp?login=unknown");
     }
  } else {
     response.sendRedirect("login.jsp?login=dissabled");
  }
} else {
```

```
response.sendRedirect("login.jsp?login=failed");
       }
%>
   > DATABASE CONNECTION
package DataBase;
 import java.sql.*;
public class DB {
  static Connection con = null;
  static Statement stmt = null;
  static ResultSet rs = null;
  public static Connection getConnection() {
     try {
       Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
```

```
con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/online_shoppi
ng", "root", "root");
       } catch (Exception e) {
       System.out.println("Exception" + e);
    }
     return con;
  }
  public static boolean executeUpdate(String query) {
    boolean f = false;
    try {
       con = getConnection();
       stmt = con.createStatement();
       int b = stmt.executeUpdate(query);
       if (b > 0) {
          f = true;
       } else {
```

```
f = false;
     }
  } catch (Exception e) {
     System.out.println("Exception" + e);
  }
  return f;
}
public static ResultSet executeQuery(String sql) {
  try {
     con = getConnection();
     stmt = con.createStatement();
     rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
     return rs;
  } catch (Exception e) {
     System.out.println("Exception" + e);
     return null;
```

```
}
  }
  public static void close() {
     try {
        con.close();
        stmt.close();
        rs.close();
     } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Exception" + e);
     }
  }
}
```

### > ANDROID WEB-VIEW ACTIVITY

package com.onlineshopping.activity;

```
import com.onlineshopping.activity.R;
import com.onlineshopping.activity.custom.CustomWebChromeClient;
import com.onlineshopping.activity.custom.CustomWebViewClient;
import android.annotation.SuppressLint;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.res.Configuration;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.KeyEvent;
import android.webkit.WebSettings.PluginState;
import android.webkit.WebView;
@SuppressLint("SetJavaScriptEnabled")
public class WebViewActivity extends Activity {
      // the web view refence object
      private WebView webView;
      // the site url link
```

```
public static final String SITE_URL_START = "http://";
      public static String SITE_URL = "";
      public static final String SITE_URL_END =
":8084/OnlineShoppingCart/";
      @Override
      protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
             super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
             setContentView(R.layout.activity_web_view);
            // get the refernce of the web view
            webView = (WebView) findViewByld(R.id.siteWebView);
            // set the web view chrome client and set for showing a
progress bar
            this.webView.setWebChromeClient(new
CustomWebChromeClient(this));
            this.webView.setWebViewClient(new
CustomWebViewClient(
```

```
getApplicationContext()));
             // on the ui thread do the processing
             runOnUiThread(new Runnable() {
                    @SuppressWarnings("deprecation")
                   public void run() {
                          // set the javascript on
      webView.getSettings().setJavaScriptEnabled(true);
                          // enable all the plugins
      webView.getSettings().setPluginState(PluginState.ON);
                          // load the url
                          webView.loadUrl(SITE_URL_START +
SITE_URL + SITE_URL_END);
                   }
             });
      }
```

```
// To handle "Back" key press event for WebView to go back to
previous
      // screen.
      @Override
      public boolean onKeyDown(int keyCode, KeyEvent event) {
            if ((keyCode == KeyEvent.KEYCODE_BACK) &&
webView.canGoBack()) {
                   webView.goBack();
                   return true;
            }
            return super.onKeyDown(keyCode, event);
      }
      // flipscreen not loading again
      @Override
      public void onConfigurationChanged(Configuration newConfig) {
            super.onConfigurationChanged(newConfig);
      }
```

#### **CHAPTER 4**

## CONCLUSION

The project entitled **Online shopping system** was completed successfully.

The system has been developed with much care and free of errors and at the same time it is efficient and less time consuming. The purpose of this project was to develop a web application and an android application for purchasing items from a shop.

This project helped us in gaining valuable information and practical knowledge on several topics like designing web pages using html & css, usage of responsive templates, designing of android applications, and management of database using mysql . The entire system is secured. Also the project helped us understanding about the development phases of a project and software development life cycle. We learned how to test different features of a project.

This project has given us great satisfaction in having designed an application which can be implemented to any nearby shops or branded shops selling various kinds of products by simple modifications.

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