

School of Finance and Commerce



Curriculum

For

Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis)

(with effect from 2020-23 onwards)

(As Approved by the Board of Studies, School of

Finance and Commerce in its meeting held on 18th April, 2020)

Galgotias University

Galgotias University's mission is to graduate socially responsible future technologists and business leaders with good communications skills, problem solving skills and an entrepreneurial spirit with a commitment to economic development. With a strong multidisciplinary knowledge base, graduates of GU will be well prepared to succeed in an increasingly competitive global economy. With a focus on multidisciplinary research and education and a learning model that emphasizes active learning, GU aspires to be globally known for innovation at the intersection of disciplines. GU's bold vision builds upon over a decade of excellence of Galgotias Institutions in engineering and business education. Galgotias Institutions have been nationally ranked by India Today, Business Today and Outlook for their programs in engineering. Galgotias Business School was recently recognized by Dun and Bradstreet as a leading business school in India. With a 100% placement record for the last four years supported by multinational firms like Accenture, Hewitt, IBM, Infosys, Nokia, and Samsung, Galgotias Institutions have earned the respect of top performers in the industry.

University Vision

"To be known globally for value-based education, research, creativity and innovation"

University Mission

- Establish state-of-the-art facilities for world class education and research.
- Collaborate with industry and society to align the curriculum,
- Involve in societal outreach programs to identify concerns and provide sustainable ethical solutions.
- Encourage life-long learning and team-based problem solving through an enabling environment.

School Vision

"To be one amongst the well-known Finance and Commerce institutions globally that imparts value-based, rigorous and inter-disciplinary education"

School Mission

- 1. To nurture aspiring professionals in the area of Finance and commerce by providing strong fundamental knowledge of the subject and its linkages with other areas of study
- 2. To enable learners to understand the dynamic and ever-changing socio-economic and technological Environment and to comprehend its impact on Business through innovative pedagogical approaches such as case studies and simulations etc.
- 3. To foster a culture of learning, innovation, collaboration and research through individual and team-based exercises such as book reviews, group discussion and role plays etc.

Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) Program

About the Program: The BBA (Financial Investment Analysis) program is a three-Year full time undergraduate professional program in finance and investment analysis spread over six semesters leading to Graduate Degree designated as BBA (Financial Investment Analysis).

The program at the School of Finance and Commerce has been designed to cater to the growing needs of Corporate, Banks, Capital Market, insurance, Real Estate, Multinationals, Government and Semi-Government organizations for students aspiring to be qualified finance professionals. It is estimated that more than ten lakhs jobs are likely to be created in next five to ten years in banking and financial sectors of Indian economy. The program seeks to equip the participants with conceptual, practical and analytical skills for financial as well as investment decision making.

The students would be provided with specialized knowledge and skills in various areas of Finance and Investment Analysis such as Financial Management, Capital Market, Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management, Financial Econometrics, Financial Services, investment management, International Finance and Accounting, Financial Derivatives and Risk Management, etc. along with the necessary inputs in the basic areas of managerial decision-making such as Organizational Behavior, Managerial Economics, Quantitative Techniques, Financial Accounting, Corporate Tax and Laws, and Information Technology etc.

Students are also required to undergo an industry internship training for a period of 6 to 8 weeks in a business / corporate establishment so as to have practical and real life experience of organizational functioning and also to write a project report on any issue /problem/case relating to financial and managerial aspects of business decision making process as a part of the fifth semester of the program.

With the knowledge and skills obtained through this program, students will be able to take rational financial decisions in any complex and challenging environment, locally as well as globally, while rendering their job as successful finance professionals and entrepreneurs.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO 1: Graduates shall be capable of developing an independent and Critical thinking by making a positive contribution to business, trade and industry in the national and global context.

PEO 2: Graduates will exhibit a solid foundation to pursue professional careers and take up post graduate level learning opportunities.

PEO 3: Graduates would initiate and build upon entrepreneurial ventures or demonstrate entrepreneurship for their employer organizations.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

On completion of the BBA (FIA) program the students will be able to

PSO1: Recognize the need for adapting to change and become ethically and socially aware and have the aptitude and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of socio-economic, technological and global change.

PSO2: Perform an In-depth Financial analysis by using appropriate technical knowledge and customized financial software

Program Outcomes (PO's):

PO 1: Accounting and Financial Knowledge

Apply the knowledge of Accounting and Finance to solve real business issues.

PO 2: Project Management and Finance

Apply knowledge related to the field of finance in project management as an entrepreneur/a team member/a team leader to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments.

PO 3: Problem Analysis

Identify, formulate, and analyze commerce and financial issues reaching validated conclusions based on data.

PO 4: Exploring Alternate Solutions

Explore alternate solutions for financial issues and develop systems and processes that meet the specified needs of business with appropriate consideration for social, cultural, economic and financial issues.

PO 5: IT and Statistical Tools Usage

Select, and apply appropriate modern management & IT tools, techniques and resources including prediction & modelling to financial activities.

PO 6: The Managers and Society

Apply the contextual knowledge to assess the issues related to society, health, safety, law, and culture pertaining to business management practices.

PO 7: Sustainability, Growth and Development

Apprehend and visualize the impact of financial decisions in societal and environmental context and demonstrate the knowledge of sustainable growth and development.

PO 8: Ethics and Professional Integrity

Imbibe and commit to professional ethics of financial management practices.

PO 9: Leadership and Motivation

Function effectively as a motivated individual/a member/a leader in diverse business settings

PO 10: Effective Communication

Communicate effectively with business community and with society at large.

PROGRAM STRUCTURE

The Bachelors of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) Program is divided into three parts. Each part will consist of two semesters.

		Semester – Fall	Semester -Winter
Part I	First Year	Semester – 1	Semester – 2
Part II	Second Year	Semester – 3	Semester – 4
Part III	Third Year	Semester - 5	Semester - 6

PROGRAM STRUCTURE

Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) SEMESTER-WISE COURSES

Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С
Code					
BBAF 1001	Environmental Science	3	0	0	3
BBAF 1002	Financial Accounting & Analysis	3	1	0	4
BBAF 1003	Managerial Economics	3	0	0	3
BBAF 1004	E-Commerce	3	0	0	3
	Any One from the first four subjects in the list of Generic Elective / Interdisciplinary Courses	3	0	0	3
UC	Professional Communication (BEC 1)	3	0	0	3
UC	Aptitude Building and Logical Reasoning	2	0	0	2
	Total				21

First Year - SEMESTER-I

First Year- SEMESTER-II

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	C
BBAF1019	Corporate and Business Laws	3	0	0	3
BBAF 1006	Statistics for Business Decisions	3	1	0	4
BBAF 1007	Cost & Management Accounting	3	1	0	4
	Any One from the first four subjects in the list the List of Generic Elective / Interdisciplinary Courses	3	0	0	3
UC	Foreign Language	2	0	0	2
UC	Professional Communication (BEC 2)	3	0	0	3
	Total				17

SECOND YEAR- SEMESTER-III

Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С
Code					
BBAF 2009	Income Tax	3	1	0	4
BBAF 2010	Corporate Finance	3	0	0	3
BBAF 2012	IT Tools for Business	3	0	0	3
BBAF 2013	IT Tools for Business (Lab)	0	0	2	1
	Any One from the last four subjects in the List of Generic Elective / Interdisciplinary Courses	3	0	0	3
UC	Disaster Management (2 + 1)	3	0	0	3
UC	Aptitude Building and Logical reasoning	2	0	0	2
	Total				19

SECOND YEAR- SEMESTER-IV

Course	Course Title	L	Т	P	С
Code					
BBAF 2014	Macro Economics	3	1	0	4
BBAF 2015	Quantitative Techniques	3	1	0	4
BBAF 2016	International Finance	3	1	0	4
BBAF2018	Financial Statement, Interpretation and Reporting	3	1	0	4
	Any One from the last four subjects in the List of the List of Generic Elective / Interdisciplinary Courses	3	1	0	4
UC	Campus to Corporate	3	0	0	3
UC	Ethics and Professional competency	1	0	0	1
	Total				24

Course	Course Title	L	Т	P	С
Code					
BBAF 3019	Investment Analysis & Portfolio Management	3	1	0	4
BBAF 3020	Financial Derivatives	3	1	0	4
BBAF 3021	Entrepreneurship and New Ventures	3	0	0	3
	Elective – I	3	1	0	4
	Elective – II	3	0	0	3
UC	Environment Studies and Waste Management	1.5	0	0	1.5
UC	Creative and Liberal Arts	0.5	0	0	0.5
UC	Disruptive Technologies	2	0	0	2
BBAF 3022	Industry Internship *	0	0	0	4
	Total				26

THIRD YEAR- SEMESTER-V

THIRD YEAR- SEMESTER-VI

Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С
Code					
UC	Creativity, Innovation, Entrepreneurship and IPR	1	0	0	1
UC	AI and its applications	2	0	0	2
BBAF 3023	Corporate Restructuring	3	0	0	3
	Elective – III	3	0	0	3
	Elective – IV	3	1	0	4
	Total				13

Total Credits= 120

UC are the University Core Subjects

ELECTIVE COURSES

Elective courses in BBA (FIA) are divided into:

1. Generic/ Interdisciplinary Elective: A student is required to opt for any one elective course in each of the Semesters I and II out of first four subjects contained in the list and is required to opt for one elective course in each of the III and IV out of out of last four subjects contained in the list of courses at the commencement of each of the above semesters. The School may announce in the beginning of the respective semester, the list of electives which will be offered during the semester depending upon the availability of concerned faculty and the demand of electives. Following is the list of Generic/Interdisciplinary Electives:

Course	Elective Courses
Code	
BBAF	Organizational Behavior
1009	
BBAF	Business Ethics & Corporate Governance
1010	
BBAF	Management Principles and Practices
1011	
BBAF	Production & Operations Management
1012	
BBAF	Industrial Relations and Labor Laws
2019	
BBAF	Research Methodology
2020	
BBAF	Advanced Accounting
2021	
BBAF	Human Resource Management
2022	

GENERIC ELECTIVE / INTERDISCIPLINARY COURSES: -

2. Discipline Specific Electives: A student is required to opt for any two elective courses in each of the Semesters V and VI out of total available list of courses at the commencement of each of the above semesters. The School will announce in the beginning of the respective semester, the list of electives which will be offered during the semester depending upon the availability of concerned faculty and the demand of electives. Following is the list of Discipline Specific Electives:

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES:

Course	Elective Courses
Code	
BBAF	Investment Banking & Financial Services
3025	
BBAF	Corporate Analysis & Valuation
3026	
BBAF	Business Tax Planning
3027	

BBAF	International Trade blocks and Multilateral Agencies
3028	
BBAF	Corporate Accounting
3029	
BBAF	Strategic Corporate Finance
3030	
BBAF	Management of Financial Institutions
3031	

*Industry Internship

A student should be placed in any business establishment to do full time work in fulfillment of the requirement of the course BBAF 3022 – Industry Internship of Semester V of the BBA (FIA) Programme. It includes training equivalent to 30 working days (or 6 weeks, with a 5-day week) such that s/he completes (8 hours a day@30 days) 240 hours during vacations and/or holidays (after Semester IV).

As a student worker s/he should do any work assigned by the establishment. The work experience is intended to expose the student to day to day aspects of business so that s/he may be able to understand the real life meaning of any of the concepts exposed to during the learning in the class room. The report should be written in a minimum of 4000 to 5000 words to describe any of the aspects of business s/he has observed during the period of work experience. It shall be typed and submitted in three copies (one copy for the establishment, one for evaluation and one copy for the student's record).

Evaluation of the report will be done along with BBA V semester examination. If a student fails to submit the report by mid of Semester V or any other date announced by the University, his/her result may be withheld. The report will be evaluated out of 70% of the total marks and the remaining 30% of the total marks will be based on viva voice examination to be conducted by one internal expert and one external expert. Experts/ Examiners will be appointed by the Dean of the School or any other person appointed by the Vice Chancellor.

Assessment Pattern (Across all courses except Lab, Industry Internship and University Core)

Component	IA	MTE	ETE	Total
Marks	35	15	50	100

Assessment Pattern (Across all Lab Courses and Industry Internship except University Core)

Component	IA	ETE	Total
Marks	50	50	100

DETAILED COURSE SYLLABUS

BBAF1001: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Description: This course trains the students to acquire awareness of the environment related issues and its allied problems. It helps to gain a basic understanding of the overall environment. It helps to inculcate a set of values and feelings of concern among children about environmental issues.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the implications of life style on the environment.
- 2. Determine major constituents of ecosystem and its bio-diversity.
- 3. Analyze the causes of catastrophic geological hazards.
- 4. Analyze the environmental degradation in the form of pollution on the planet.
- 5. Develop an understanding of measures to rectify environmental problems caused by pollution.

Units	Number	of
	Lectures	
Unit I: Introduction to Environmental Science	8	
Definition, principles and scope of Environmental Science. Earth, Man and		
Environment. Ecosystems, Pathways in Ecosystems. Physical-chemical and		
Biological factors in the Environment. Geographical classification and zones.		
Structure and composition of atmosphere, hydrosphere, lithosphere and		
biosphere. Natural resources, conservation and sustainable development.		
Unit II: Ecology, Ecosystems and Biodiversity	8	
Definition, Principles and scope of ecology, Human ecology and Human		
settlement, Evolution, Origin of life and speciation. Ecosystems: Structure		
and functions, Abiotic and Biotic components, energy flows, Food chains,		
Food web, Ecological pyramids, types and diversity. Biodiversity and its		
conservation: Definition, 'Hotspot's of Biodiversity, Strategies for		
Biodiversity conservation. National Parks and Sanctuaries. Gene pool.		
Unit III: Earth's Processes and Geological Hazards, Water Resources	8	
and Environment		
Earth's Processes and Geological Hazards: Earths processes; concept of		
residence, time and rates of natural cycles. Catastrophic geological hazards.		
Study of floods, landslides, earthquakes, volcanism and avalanche. Prediction		
and perception of the hazards and adjustments to hazardous activities. Water		
Resources and Environment: Global Water Balance. Ice sheets and		
fluctuations of sea levels. Origin and composition of seawater.		
Unit IV: Air and Water Pollution	8	
Air: Natural and anthropogenic sources of pollution. Primary and Secondary		
pollutants. Transport and diffusion of pollutants. Gas laws governing the		
behaviour of pollutants in the atmosphere. Methods of monitoring and control		
of air pollution SOz, NOx, CO, SPM. Effects of pollutants on human beings,		
plants, animals, materials and on climate. Acid Rain. Air Quality Standards.		
Water: Types, sources and consequences of water pollution. Physico –		

chemical and Bacteriological sampling and analysis of water quality. Standards, sewage and waste water treatment and recycling. Water quality	
standard.	
Unit V: Soil, Noise and Marine Pollution	8
Soil: Physico – chemical as bacteriological sampling as analysis of soil	
quality. Soil Pollution Control. Industrial waste effluents and heavy metals,	
their interactions with soil components. Soil micro – organisms and their	
functions, degradation of different insecticides, fungicides and weedicides in	
soil. Different kinds of synthetic fertilizers (NP & K) and their interactions	
with different components of soil. Noise: Sources of noise pollution,	
measurement of noise and Indices, effect of meteorological parameters on	
noise propagation. Noise exposure levels and standards. Noise control and	
abatement measures. Impact of noise on human health. Marine: Sources of	
marine pollution and control. Criteria employed for disposal of pollutants in	
marine system-coastal management.	

- 1. Miller, G. T., & Spoolman, S. (2012). Environmental science. Cengage Learning.
- 2. Masters, G. M., & Ela, W. P. (1991). Introduction to environmental engineering and science (Vol. 3). Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- 3. Bharucha, E. (2002). The Biodiversity of India (Vol. 1). Mapin Publishing Pvt Ltd.

- 1. Townsend, C. R., Begon, M., & Harper, J. L. (2000). Essentials of ecology. Evolutionary ecology, 8(8.2), 8-3.
- 2. Trivedy, R. K., & Goel, P. K. (2010). An introduction to air pollution. ABD Publishers.
- 3. Henry, J. G. (1996). Environmental science and engineering. Galgotia Publications.

BBAF 1002: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING & ANALYSIS

Course Description: This course covers the preparation of financial statements and creates an understanding of corporate financial statements. Accounting plays a vital role as an information system for monitoring, problem solving and decision-making. In recognition of this, the course focuses on learning how to prepare accounting records and analyze the same.

Course outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an ability to apply the accounting concepts, conventions, and record transactions according to debit and credit entry rules.
- 2. Evaluate the set of financial statements for various forms of businesses and understand the concept of annual reports and cash flows.
- 3. Comprehend the Indian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards
- 4. Interpret the business implications of financial statement information.
- 5. Describe the accounting information by analyzing the various accounting ratios.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction to Financial Accounting	10
Introduction to Financial Accounting: Accounting as an Information	
System, Importance and Scope, Limitations; Users of accounting	
information, Concepts, Principles and Conventions: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles; The Accounting Equation; Nature of Accounts,	
Types of books (Primary and Secondary) and Rules of Debit and Credit;	
Recording Transactions in Journal; Preparation of Ledger Accounts;	
Opening and Closing Entries; Preparation of Trial Balance	
Unit II:. Preparation of Financial Statements	10
Preparation of Financial Statements: Trading Account, Profit & Loss	
Account and Balance Sheet, Adjustment Entries, understanding contents	
of financial statements of a joint-stock company as per the Companies	
Act 2013; Understanding the contents of annual report of a company,	
Preparation of cash flow statement as per AS-3 (revised).	
Unit III: Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)	
Concept, benefits, the procedure for issuing Ind-AS in India, salient	10
features of Ind-AS issued by ICAI; International Financial Reporting	
Standards (IFRS): Main features, uses, and objectives of IFRS, IFRS	
issued by IASB and concept of harmonization and convergence, the	
obstacle in harmonization and convergence, suggestions for increased	
convergence and harmonization.	~
Unit IV: Financial Statement Analysis	5

Financial Statement Analysis: Objective of financial statement analysis, sources of information; Techniques of financial statement analysis: Horizontal analysis, Vertical analysis, and Ratio Analysis; Financial	
Ratios: Meaning and Usefulness of Financial Ratios. Analysis of ratios	
from the perspective of Stakeholders like Investors, Lenders, and Short-	
term Creditors. Liquidity Ratios, Solvency Ratios, Profitability Ratios,	
and Turnover Ratios; Limitation of ratio. Analyzing the power of ratios	
in forecasting business failures using Altman Z-score, multiple	
discriminant analysis and decision-tree analysis	
Unit V: Financial Ratios	5
Financial Ratios: Meaning and Usefulness of Financial Ratios. Analysis	
of ratios from the perspective of Stakeholders like Investors, Lenders,	
and Short-term Creditors. Liquidity Ratios, Solvency Ratios,	
Profitability Ratios, and Turnover Ratios; Limitation of ratio. Analyzing	
the power of ratios in forecasting business failures using Altman Z-	
score, multiple discriminant analysis and decision-tree analysis.	

- 1. Madhu, V., (2012). Financial and Management Accounting. Excel Books, New Delhi.
- 2. Tulsian, P.C.(2012) Financial Accounting, Pearson.

- 1. Maheshwari, S.N. & Maheshwari, S.K., Financial Accounting for B. Com., CA, CS.
- 2. ICWA (Foundation) Courses, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Ghosh, T.P., Financial Accounting for Managers, Taxmann Allied Services (P) Ltd.
- 4. Balwani, Nitin, Accounting and Finance for Managers.
- 5. Gupta, Ambrish: Financial Accounting for Management.
- 6. Bhattacharyya, Asish K., Financial Accounting for Business Managers.
- 7. Jain, S.P. &Narang, K.L., Advanced Accountancy.

BBAF1003: MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to apply micro economic concepts and techniques in evaluating business decisions taken by firms. The emphasis is on explaining how tools of standard price theory can be employed to formulate a decision problem, evaluate alternative courses of action and finally choose among alternatives.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate the major economic concepts like demand, production, and pricing as applied to a managerial organization.
- 2. Apply the economic concepts, tools and techniques in improving their decision-making skills.
- 3. Define the main economic tools and theories available for decision making policies to stabilize and stimulate the economy.
- 4. Understand the tools of economic theory to explain optimal production and pricing decisions by the firm in each market structure
- 5. Distinguish between the different market structures and pricing practices available to and used by firms.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	
The economic problem: Scarcity and choice; the question of what to produce, how to produce and when to produce; Opportunity cost; three major Economic systems; allocation of resources and distribution, Markets and prices and competition.	5
Unit II: Demand and Supply	
Demand, Supply and Market equilibrium: individual demand, market demand, individual supply, market supply. Individual and market demand functions; law of demand, determinants of Demand. Elasticity	10
of demand and supply: Price elasticity of demand, income elasticity of	
demand, cross price elasticity of demand, elasticity of supply.	
Unit III: Utility Concept, its application, calculations, Consumer surplus, producer	
surplus and the efficiency of the markets; costs, taxes, rent control and ceiling. Indifference curve approach, price effect income effect and	8
substitution effect, nature of commodities, introduction to revealed preference approach, applications of IC analysis	
Unit IV: Theory of Production	
Concept of production & Production function with one and two variable inputs. Types of production function, concepts of production. Law of variable proportions, returns to factor and scale. Concept of isoquants.	10
Concept of cost- meaning and types. Short and long run cost functions-	

their nature, shape and inter relationship. Marginal and average cost curves and their shapes. Estimation of short-run and long run cost	
function.	
Unit V: Market Structure	
Different forms of market structures- meaning and features. Pricing strategies under different market conditions. Theory of firm and market organization : perfect competition (basic features, short run equilibrium of firm/industry, long run equilibrium of firm/industry, effect of changes in demand, cost and imposition of taxes) ; monopoly (basic features, short run equilibrium, long run equilibrium, monopolistic competition	8
(basic features, demand and cost, short run equilibrium, long run equilibrium, excess capacity) ; oligopoly (Cournot's model, kinked demand curve model, dominant price leadership model, prisoner's dilemma.	

- 1. Petersen H. Craig, Lewis W. Chris, Jain K. Sudhir, Managerial Economics, Pearson Education.
- 2. Mehta. P.L, Managerial Economics. Sultan Chand sons, New Delhi.

- Dominick Salvatore (2009). Principles of Microeconomics (5thed.) Oxford University Press
- 2. Lipsey and Chrystal. (2008). Economics. (11th ed.) Oxford University Press
- 3. Koutosyannis (1979). Modern Micro Economics. Palgrave Macmillan.

BBAF1004: E-COMMERCE

Course Description: This course is designed to provide an understanding of the mechanism used for conducting business transactions through electronic means and measures to be used against threats to safety issues faced in online transactions.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of e-commerce and various types of business models present in online environment.
- 2. Analyze various security threats encountered while transacting online and safeguards used to tackle it.
- 3. Identify various provisions of IT (Amendment Act) 2008 which facilitate online business and electronic governance.
- 4. Appreciate the various methods of e-payment used to complete an online transaction.
- 5. Evaluate the effect of e-commerce on various industries.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction Meaning, nature, concepts, advantages, disadvantages and reasons for transacting online; Types of E-Commerce, e-commerce business models (introduction, key elements of a business model and categorizing major E-commerce business models); Technology used in E-commerce: The dynamics of World Wide Web and internet (meaning, evolution and features).	4
Unit II: Security and Encryption Need and concept; The e-commerce security environment: (dimension, definition and scope of e-security); Security threats in the E-commerce environment (security intrusions and breaches, attacking methods like hacking, sniffing, cyber-vandalism etc.); Technology solutions (Encryption, security channels of communication, protecting networks and protecting servers and clients).	10
Unit III: IT (Amendment) Act 2008 and Cyber Crimes IT Act 2008: Definitions; Digital signature; Electronic governance, attribution, acknowledgement and dispatch of electronic records; Regulation of certifying authorities; Digital signatures certificates; Duties of subscribers; Penalties and adjudication; Appellate tribunal; Offences and cyber-crimes.	6
Unit IV: E-payment System Models and methods of e-payments (Debit Card, Credit Card, Smart Cards, e-money); Digital signatures (procedure, working and legal position); Payment gateways; Online banking (meaning, concepts, importance, electronic fund transfer, automated clearing house, automated ledger posting); Risks involved in e-payments.	10

Unit V: On-line Business Transactions	
Meaning, purpose, advantages and disadvantages of transacting online;	10
E-commerce applications in various industries like {banking, insurance,	10
payment of utility bills, online marketing, e-tailing (popularity, benefits,	
problems and features), online services (financial, travel and career),	
auctions, online portal, online learning, publishing and entertainment}	
Online shopping (amazon, snapdeal, alibaba, flipkart, etc.)	

- 1. Kenneth C. Laudon and Carlo GuercioTraver, E-Commerce, Pearson Education.
- 2. David Whiteley, E-commerce: Strategy, Technology and Applications, McGraw Hill Education

- 1. Bharat Bhaskar, Electronic Commerce: Framework, Technology and Application, 4th Ed., McGraw Hill Education
- 2. PT Joseph, E-Commerce: An Indian Perspective, PHI Learning
- 3. KK Bajaj and Debjani Nag, E-commerce, McGraw Hill Education
- 4. TN Chhabra, E-Commerce, DhanpatRai& Co.
- 5. SushilaMadan, E-Commerc, Taxmann

BBAF1019: CORPORATE AND BUSINESS LAWS

Course Description: The course will enable students to develop awareness about Corporate Law in conformity with the provisions of Companies Act, along with recent amendments in the companies Act. This course is designed to enhance the legal literacy of students by developing a body of legal knowledge and honing legal instincts that will help business leaders attain a competitive edge and promote long-term success.

Course Outcomes:

On the successful completion of the course, the student would be able to:

- 1. Appraise corporate law and how it governs the day to day affairs of companies.
- 2. Analyse the framework of Business law and how it applies to the global market.
- 3. Explain how corporate law provisions influence the organization.
- 4. Identify and evaluate contemporary legal issues.
- 5. Understand the fundamentals of business laws as they relate to businesses and society.

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Formation of Company	8
Characteristics of a company, concept of lifting of corporate veil, Types	
of companies, association not for profit, illegal association, promoters	
and their legal position, Pre-incorporation contract and Provisional	
contract, Memorandum of association, Article of association, Doctrine	
of Constructive Notice and Indoor management, Prospectus, Book	
Building.	
Unit II: Corporate Management and Corporate Meeting:	14
Members, shareholders their right and duties Director, classification of	
director, disqualification, appointment, legal position, power and duties,	
disclosures of interest, removal of director, board meeting, Other	
managerial personnel and remuneration.	
Types of Meeting, convening and conduct of Meeting, Motion,	
resolution, Kinds of resolutions	
Unit III: Capital Structure:	4
Share capital, issue, allotment, forfeiture of share, demat of share,	
transmission of share, buy back of share, share certificate, share warrant,	
dividend and issue of bonus share.	
Unit IV: Investigation and Winding up	6
Investigation, Procedure of Investigation, meaning of winding up,	
Modes of winding up, Powers and duties of Liquidator.	
Unit V: Emerging Issues in Company Law	8
One Person company (OPC), Small company, Producer company,	
Postal Ballot, Director Identity Number (DIN), Corporate Identity	
Number (CIN), MCA-21, online filling documents and online	
registration, NCLT, Limited liability Partnership (LLP), Insider	
Trading, Rating Agencies, Business Ethics, Corporate governance.	

1. Ramaiya A. Guide to the Companies Act. Wadhwa& Co., Nagpur.

- 1. Kuchal, M.C. Modern India Company Law. ShriMahavir Books, Noida.
- 2. Kapoor, N.D. Company Law -Incorporating the Provisions of the Companies Amendment Act, 2000.
- 3. Bagrial A.K. Company Law. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4. Sharma J. P. An Easy Approach to Corporate Laws. ANE Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Manual of Companies Act, Corporate Laws and SEBI Guidelines. Bharat Law House, New Delhi.

BBAF1006: STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS DECISIONS

Course Description: The course will familiarize students with various conceptual knowledge of statistics and Statistical tools that will be used for effective decision making in various implications. Emphasis will be on the application of the concepts learnt. The emphasis is also on how to analyze data and interpret it effectively. The course tells about significance of statistical tools are being used today.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe basic terms of statistics.
- 2. Apply various business statistics knowledge improbability and its distributions.
- 3. Analyze database with respect to correlation, regression and time-series.
- 4. Evaluate data, results and its findings.
- 5. Demonstrate with various statistical tools how to analyze data based on chi-square test, ANOVA, T-test, Z-test and other non-parametric tests.

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	8
Meaning of statistics, scope and application of statistics. Measures of	
Central Value: Meaning, need for measuring central value. Characteristics	
of an ideal measure of central value. Types of averages - mean, median,	
mode, Merits, Limitations and Suitability of averages. Relationship	
between averages. Measures of Dispersion: Meaning and Significance.	
Absolute and Relative measures of dispersion - Range, Quartile Deviation,	
Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis.	
Unit II: Probability and Distribution	8
Probability: Meaning and need. Theorems of addition and multiplication.	
Conditional probability. Bayes' theorem, Random Variable- discrete and	
continuous. Probability Distribution: Meaning, characteristics (Expectation	
and variance) of Binomial, Poisson, and Normal distribution. Correlation	
Analysis: Meaning and significance. Types of correlation.	
Unit III: Correlation, Regression and Time-Series	8
Methods of studying simple correlation - Karl Pearson's coefficient of	
correlation, Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient. Regression Analysis:	
Meaning and significance, Regression vs. Correlation. Linear Regression,	
Regression lines (X on Y, Y on X) and Standard error of estimate. Analysis	
of Time Series: Meaning and significance. Utility, Components of time	
series.	
Unit IV: Testing of Hypothesis	8
Models (Additive and Multiplicative). Introduction to testing of	
Hypothesis: Concept; Level of Significance; Process of testing; Test of	

hypothesis concerning Mean; Test of hypothesis concerning Proportion. Z test.	
Unit V: Statistical Tools	8
T-Test, Difference of means and ANOVA – one way and two way. Non	
parametric tests: One-Sample Wilcoxon Signed Rank Test and various	
aspects and Chi-square test.	

1. S.P. Gupta (S.P.): Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Sons, 34th Edition.

- 1. S.P. Gupta (S.P.): Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Sons, 34th Edition.
- 2. Richard Levin & David Rubin: Statistics for management, Prentice Hall.

BBAF1007: COST & MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Course Description: This paper will acquaint the students with cost and management accounting concepts and its application for decision making. It will acquaint the students with various techniques of standard costing and variance analyses and also impart the knowledge of contemporary costing systems.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the basic concepts of cost accounting and classification of costs.
- 2. Analyze business decisions using cost-volume-profit analysis.
- 3. Compare and evaluate the various managerial decision-making situations along with their characteristics.
- 4. Analyze the company's budgetary statements and performance as well.
- 5. Apply standard costing techniques and variance analysis in taking real business decisions and understand the ways of calculating cost in contemporary costing systems.

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	8
Cost concepts: Meaning, Scope, Objectives, and Importance of Cost	
Accounting, Cost, Costing, Cost Control, and Cost Reduction. Elements	
of Cost, Components of total Cost, Cost sheet.	
Classification of costs: Fixed, Variable, Semi-variable, and Step costs;	
Product, and Period costs; Direct, and Indirect costs.	
Unit II: Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis	6
Contribution, PV Ratio, Margin of safety, Break-even-point, cost break-	
even-point, cash break-even-point, Composite break-even-point, Key	
Factor, Break-even Analysis.	
Unit III: Relevant Costs and Decision Making	6
Relevant costs for Decision Making, Pricing, Product Profitability,	
Make or Buy, Exploring new markets, Shut down or continue,	
Acceptance of an export order.	
Unit IV: Budgets and Budgetary Control	10
Budgets and Budgetary Control: Meaning, Types of Budgets (sales,	
production, purchase raw material consumption, cash budget. Steps in	
Budgetary Control, Fixed and Flexible Budgeting, Responsibility	
Accounting.	
Unit V: Standard Costing and Variance Analysis	10
Material, Labor & Overhead variances. Activity based costing, Target	
costing, Life cycle costing, Quality costing (only theoretical	
knowledge).	

1. Maheshwari, S.N. and S.N. Mittal. Cost Accounting: Theory and Problems. Shri Mahabir Book Depot, New Delhi.

- 1. M.N.Arora, Management Accounting, Theory, Problems and Solutions, Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. Horngren, C.T., Foster, G, and Datar, S.M., Cost Accounting: A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Henke, E.O., and Spoede, C.W., Cost Accounting: Managerial Use of Accounting Data, PWS-KENT Publishing Company, Boston.

BBAF2009: INCOME TAX

Course Description: This course provides basic knowledge and equips students with application of principles and provisions of Income-Tax Act, 1961. The course will acquaint students with the Income tax structure and its implications of tax planning.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of the way in which taxation law is administered in relation to Basic concepts of income and Agricultural income.
- 2. Apply the method of computing the income under the head 'salary' and 'house property'.
- 3. Apply the method of computing the income under the head 'Profit and gains from business and profession' and 'Capital gains'.
- 4. Evaluate and develop conceptual understanding of Clubbing of income, set-off and carry forward of losses.
- 5. Learn and apply the ways of filing of return of income through software and Assessment procedure.

Units	Number
	of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	10
Basic concepts: Income, agricultural income, person, assessee, assessment year, previous year, gross total income, total income, maximum marginal rate of tax;	
Residential status; Scope of total income on the basis of residential status Exempted income under section 10	
Unit II: Computation of Income under different heads of Income	10
Income from Salaries; Income from house property	
Unit III: Computation of Income under different heads of Income	10
Profits and gains of business or profession; Capital gains; Income	
from other sources	
Unit IV: Computation of Total Income and Tax Liability Clubbing of income, set-off and carry forward of losses, Deductions under Chapter VI-A, Partial Integration of Agricultural income, rebates and reliefs, Computation of total income and tax liability of individuals & Partnership firm.	5
Unit V: Preparation of Return of Income	5
Preparation and filing of return of income through software, Provision & Procedures of compulsory online filing of returns for specified assesses. Assessment procedure. Introduction of Direct Tax Code.	

1. Dr. Vinod K. Singhania and Dr. Monica Singhania; Students guide to income tax, Taxmann Publications.

- 1. Girish Ahuja and Ravi Gupta; Systematic Approach to Income Tax: Bharat Law House.
- 2. Mahesh Chandra, D.C Shukla; Income Tax Law and Practice: Pragati Publications.
- 3. S.P Goyal; Direct tax planning: Sahitya Bhawan.
- 4. CBDT Circulars (latest)

BBAF 2010: CORPORATE FINANCE

Course Description: This course acquaints students with the techniques of financial management & Corporate Finance and related applications for business decision making.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the importance of time value of money and relationship of owners with other stakeholders.
- 2. Evaluate the various long-term financial decisions.
- 3. Comprehend the various costs of capital and its associated calculation.
- 4. Develop an Understanding of the various capital structure theories and its relevance.
- 5. Examine the importance of working capital management and to know various ways to obtain minimum cost.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Nature of Financial Management	
Nature of Financial Management: Finance and related disciplines; Scope of Financial Management; Profit Maximization, Wealth Maximization -	5
Traditional and Modern Approach; Functions of finance – Finance	
Decision, Investment Decision, Dividend Decision; Objectives of	
Financial Management; Organization of finance function; Concept of	
Time Value of Money, present value.	
Unit II: Capital Budgeting	
Long-term investment decisions: Capital Budgeting - Principles and	10
Techniques; Nature and meaning of capital budgeting; Estimation of	10
relevant cash flows and terminal value; Evaluation techniques -	
Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return & MIRR, Net Terminal Value, Profitably Index Method.	
Unit III: Cost of Capital	
Concept and Measurement of Cost of Capital: Explicit and Implicit	
costs; Measurement of cost of capital; Cost of debt; Cost of perpetual	10
debt; Cost of Equity Share; Cost of Preference Share; Cost of Retained	
Earning; Computation of over-all cost of capital based on Historical and	
Market weights.	
Unit IV: Capital Structure	
Leverage Analysis: Operating and Financial Leverage; EBIT -EPS	10
analysis; Combined leverage analysis. Capital Structures: Approaches	10
to Capital Structure Theories - Net Income approach, Net Operating	
Income approach, Modigliani-Miller (MM) approach, Dividend Policy Decision - Dividend and Capital; The irrelevance of dividends: General,	
MM hypothesis; Relevance of dividends: Walter's model, Gordon's	
model.	

Unit V: Working Capital Management	
Working Capital Management: Management of Cash - Preparation of	5
Cash Budgets (Receipts and Payment Method only); Determination of	5
Working Capital. Cash management technique (Lock box, concentration	
banking), Receivables Management – Objectives; Credit Policy, Cash	
Discount, Debtors Outstanding and Ageing Analysis; Costs - Collection	
Cost, Capital Cost, Default Cost, Delinquency Cost.	

1. Khan &Jain, Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

- 1. Rustogi, Financial Management
- 2. L.J. Gitman& C.J. Zutter, Managerial Finance.
- 3. R.A. Brealey, S.C. Myers, F. Allen & P. Mohanty, Principles of Corporate Finance.
- 4. J.V. Horne & J.M. Wachowicz, Fundamentals of Financial Management.

BBAF 2012: IT TOOLS FOR BUSINESS

Course Description: This course aims at understanding emerging technological issues facing management so that students can effectively manage information systems in the organization and to play active role in applying technology through the analysis, design and implementation of multiuser systems that will meet the information needs of the organization.

Course outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Determine IT is a major resource and can be used to make major improvements in the organization.
- 2. Develop sufficient familiarity with the technology to able to make good management decisions.
- 3. Analyze the ways of database management system
- 4. Evaluate the role of managers in Information Technology and will be able to use technology to transform organizations.
- 5. Determine the Planning, Coordination, and control for various levels in Business Management Information System.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Computer Fundamentals	
Hardware, Firmware, Live-ware. Software: Relationship between	
hardware and software. System Software: Operating system,	8
Translators, interpreter, compiler, assemblers, linkers.	
Overview of operating system, function of operating system.	
Application software: General Purpose Packaged Software and tailor-	
made software.	
Unit II: Networks and Internet	8
Introduction to networking; Importance of networking;	
Communication devices such as Modem and WIFI/router. Features of	
Networking. Anatomy of Internet. Internet Protocols. Search Engines.	
Social media for managers: HR and Marketing.	
Unit III. Database Management System.	12
Traditional file Environment. Identification of Relevant data.	
Database, Evolution of Database Technology, Database format. Data	
redundancy. Database management systems. Big data. Data mining	
and warehousing.	
Unit IV: Information Systems	12
Role of Managers in Information Technology: Using technology to	
transform organizations, Interpreting and understanding information.	
Basics of information systems: Meaning, Need of an efficient	
information System.	
Unit V: IS planning .	12

Type of Information system; Information requirement for Planning,	
Coordination, and control for various levels in Business. Management	
Information System: Meaning, concepts, input and output of MIS with	
illustration. Decision Support system: Introduction, Decision making,	
DSS concept, objective. Knowledge-Based Information System:	
Introduction, Expert system, User interface, knowledge base,	
advantages and disadvantages, illustrating an expert system.	

- 1. Lucas, H.C., Information Technology for Management, Tata- McGraw Hill.
- 2. H.N. Tivari and Hen Chand Jain, Computer Fundamental and Essential Tools, International Book House, Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Rajaraman, V. Introduction to Information Technology. PHI.

- 1. Cyganski Information Technology: Inside and outside (Pearson, 1stEdition).
- 2. Basandra SK Computers Today (Galgotias, 1st Edition).
- 3. Monely D; Parker C S, Understanding Computers Today & Tomorrow, Cengage/Thomson
- 4. Turban, Rainer and Potter, Introduction to information technology, John Wiley and sons.
- 5. James, A. O'Brien, Introduction to Information Systems, TMH.

BBAF2014: MACRO ECONOMICS

Course Description: This course deals with the principles of Macroeconomics. The coverage includes determination of and linkages between major economic variables; level of output and prices, inflation, interest rates and exchange rates. The course is designed to study the impact of monetary and fiscal policy on the aggregate behavior of individuals.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Inspect how economy as a whole in a country operates and who are the economic agents for the whole economy
- 2. Measure macroeconomic variables and National Income Accounts.
- 3. Grasp the meaning of Keynesian theory of Income and employment.
- 4. Analyze the working and measurement of major macro variables in a particular economy such as GDP, Inflation, Investment, Consumption, Exchange Rate etc.
- 5. Explain the working and measurement of major macro variables in an open economy such as Balance of Payment, Current and Capital accounts.

Course Contents:

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	
Basic issues studied in macroeconomics; stock and flow concept, circular flow of economic activity, economic agents; static, comparative static and dynamic.	5
Unit II: National Income Accounting	
Measurement of gross domestic product; income, expenditure. Real versus nominal GDP; price indices.	10
Unit III: The Closed Economy in the Short Run	
Classical and Keynesian systems; simple Keynesian model of income determination; multiplier, IS-LM model	10
Unit IV: Inflation	
Inflation: meaning, demand and supply side factors, consequences of inflation, anti- inflationary policies, natural rate theory, monetary policy-output and inflation, Phillips curve (short run and long run)	10
Unit V: Open Economy	
National Income Accounting for an open economy; Balance of payments: Current and Capital accounts.	5

Text books:

1. N Gregory Mankiw (2010). Macroeconomics (7thed.). Worth Publishers

- 1. Froyen, R.P. (2011) Macroeconomics-theories and policies (8th ed.). Pearson:
- 2. Dornbusch and Fischer (2010). Macroeconomics (9thed.). Tata McGraw Hill

BBAF 2015: QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES

Course Description: This course aims at familiarizing the students with quantitative tools and techniques, which are frequently applied to business decision-making & to provide a formal quantitative approach and an intuition about situations where such an approach is appropriate.

Course outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the optimization techniques and models for taking the managerial decision.
- 2. Develop the fair degree of proficiency in formulating and solving transportation problems with the help of mathematical tools.
- 3. Construct the technique for calculating the minimum project cost.
- 4. Identify the decision-making techniques under risk, uncertainty situation and making decisions more objectively and efficiently.
- 5. Build the mathematical framework to get optimal outcomes and make strategic and tactical decisions.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I:Linear Programming:	10
Formulation of L.P. Problems, Graphical Solutions (Special cases:	
Multiple optimal solution, infeasibility, unbounded solution); Simplex	
Methods (Special cases: Multiple optimal solution, infeasibility,	
degeneracy, unbounded solution) Big-M method and Two-phase	
method; Duality and Sensitivity (emphasis on formulation & economic	
interpretation); Formulation of Integer programming, Zero-one	
programming, Goal Programming	10
Unit II: Elementary Transportation:	10
Formulation of Transport Problem, Solution by N.W Corner Rule, Least	
Cost method, Vogel's Approximation Method (VAM), Modified	
Distribution Method. (Special cases: Multiple Solutions, Maximization	
case, Unbalanced case, prohibited routes)Elementary Assignment: Hungarian Method, (Special cases: Multiple Solutions, Maximization	
case, Unbalanced case, Restrictions on assignment).	
case, Unbalanced case, Restrictions on assignment).	
Unit III: Network Analysis:	5
Construction of the Network diagram, Critical Path- float and slack	
analysis (Total float, free float, independent float), PERT, Project Time	
Crashing.	
Unit IV: Decision Theory:	10
Pay off Table, Opportunity Loss Table, Expected Monetary Value,	
Expected Opportunity Loss, Expected Value of Perfect Information and	

Sample Information. Markov Chains: Predicting Future Market Shares,	
Equilibrium Conditions (Questions based on Markov analysis).	
Unit V: Introduction to Game Theory:	5
Pay off Matrix- Two-person Zero-Sum game, Pure strategy, Saddle	
point; Dominance Rule, Mixed strategy, Reduction of m x n game and	
solution of 2x2, 2 x s, and r x 2 cases by Graphical and Algebraic	
methods; Introduction to Simulation: Monte Carlo Simulation.	

1. J. K. Sharma, Operations Research Theory & Applications, Macmillan India Limited.

- 1. N. D. Vohra, Quantitative Management, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. P. K. Gupta, Man Mohan, KantiSwarup, Operations Research, Sultan Chand.
- 3. V. K. Kapoor, Operations Research, Sultan Chand & Sons.

BBAF2016: INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

Course Description: This course aims to develop an awareness among students about the concepts, importance and dynamics of international finance and to discuss theoretical foundations of international business and finance.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the multinational financial and international flow of fund and scope of International Finance.
- 2. Understand the working of forex exchange market.
- 3. Evaluate the financial management of Multinational firms.
- 4. Learn the various functional area of a multinational corporation including country risk analysis.
- 5. Discuss the Swaps, options and depository receipts as risk management tools.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction Nature and Scope of International Finance, International Business activities and methods, International Financial Management Vs Domestic Financial Management, Issues in functioning of Multinational Corporations, Balance of Payment, Debit and Credits.	5
Unit II: Exchange Rate Determination and Management of Foreign Exchange Exposure Functions of Foreign Exchange market, Bid Price, Ask price, spread, cross rates, spot rates and reciprocal rates in Foreign Exchange market. Theories of Foreign Exchange rate – Purchasing power parity, Interest rate parity, International fisher effect,Foreign exchange risk – Transaction exposure, Translation exposure, Economics exposure and their management.	10
Unit III: Financial Management of Multinational Firm Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), Factors affecting FDI, cost of capital. Multinational capital Budgeting – application and interpretation, multinational cash management	10
Unit IV: Country Risk Analysis Nature of Country risk, objectives of Country risk rating, techniques to assess of country risk, economic risk indicators, raters of country risk, Management of Country Risk.	10

Unit V: Managing Foreign Operations	
Derivatives, Swaps – Interest rate and currency swaps, foreign currency options and futures, Depository receipts – ADR and GDR and Eurocurrency markets.	

1. Apte, P.G, International Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

- 1. Vij, Madhu, International Financial Management, Excel Book, New Delhi.
- 2. Machiraju, H.R, International Financial Management, Himalayan Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Siddaiah, T., International Financial Management, Pearson Education.
- 4. Shapiro, Allen C., Multinational Financial Management, J. Wiley& Sons.

BBAF2018: FINANCIAL STATEMENT INTERPRETATION AND REPORTING

Course Description: In a developing economy like India, financial statements and their interpretation and reporting has been acknowledged by all. Convergence of the reports with international standards is the need of the day. As a result, the knowledge of such standards has become absolutely necessary. In view of this, the subject interpretation and analysis of financial statements has gained importance.

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain financial reporting scenario in international markets and its differences with India
- 2. Define framework for International Financial Reporting Standards
- 3. Develop understanding about conceptual knowledge of IFRS 2 to 13
- 4. Develop understanding about recent developments in financial reporting standards
- 5. Interpret financial Statements, viz., Income statements, Balance sheets and Cash flow statements

Course Contents:

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Financial Reporting An Introduction	8
Introduction, Causes of International Differences, Major differences in	
Financial Reporting, Indian GAAP, US GAAP, IAS and IFRS,	
International organizations engaged in accounting harmonization.	
International Classification of Financial Reporting, International	
Harmonization of Accounting, The Requirements of International	
Accounting Standards, Role of IFRS in Cross Border Capital Allocation.	
Unit II: IFRS Framework	8
International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) meaning of	
standardization. The structure of IFRS. Process of IFRS Standard Setting,	
Constraints, Hierarchy of Standards. IFRS adoption or convergence in	
different countries, IFRs 1 (First time adopters).	
Unit III: IFRS Coverage	8
International Financial Reporting Standards 2 – 13 (a brief study), Case	
studies on compliance with IFRS by Indian Companies and MNCs.	
Unit IV: Developments In Financial Reporting	8
Value Added Statement, Economic Value Added, Market Value Added,	
Shareholder's Value Added, Human Resource Reporting (conceptual	
framework only).	
Unit V: Interpreting Financial Statements	8
Interpreting Financial Statements: interpreting Income statements,	
interpreting Balance sheets and interpreting Cash flow statements.	

Text Books

1. Mehra, A; Seth, S.; "Financial Statements interpretation and reporting"; Kalyani Publishers. *Note: Latest edition of text book may be used.*

- 1. Buffet, Warren; "Interpretation of Financial statement"; Mary Buffet Publications
- 2. Morley, Mike; "IFRS Simplified: A fast and easy-to-understand overview of the new International Financial Reporting Standards".
- 3. Tiffin, Ralph; "The Complete Guide to International Financial Reporting Standards "; Viva Publications.

BBAF 3019: INVESTMENT ANALYSIS & PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Course Description: The aim of this course is to provide a conceptual framework for investment analysis and construction of Portfolios with references related from both the Indian and the International financial system.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Discuss the basics of financial investments and the risk and return relationships of securities.
- 2. Apply the valuation models of Bonds and Equity for decision making.
- 3. Examine the theories, tools and techniques related to security analysis.
- 4. Analyze and learn how to construct portfolios with reference to risk and return framework as per the Markowitz Model of Portfolio Analysis.
- 5. Differentiate between Markowitz Model of Portfolio Analysis and Capital Asset Pricing Model.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Basics of Risk and Return	10
Concept of returns, application of standard deviation, coefficient of variation,	10
beta, alpha.	
Unit II: Valuation of Securities	10
Share valuation: Dividend discount models- no growth, constant growth, two	
stage growth model, multiple stages; Relative valuation models using P/E ratio, book value to market value	
Bonds: present value of a bond, yield to maturity, yield to call, yield to put,	
systematic risk, price risk, interest rate risk, default risk. Yield curve and	
theories regarding shape of yield curve. Unsystematic risk and non-risk	
factors that influence yields. Duration and modified duration, immunization	
of a bond portfolio.	
Unit III: Fundamental analysis and Technical Analysis:	10
EIC framework; Economic analysis: Leading lagging & coincident macro-	
economic indicators.	
Technical analysis: meaning, assumptions, difference between technical and	
fundamental analysis; Price indicators- Dow theory, advances and declines,	
new highs and lows- circuit filters. Volume indicators- Dow Theory, small	
investor volumes.	
Unit IV: Portfolio Analysis	10
Portfolio risk and return, Markowitz portfolio model: risk and return for 2	
and 3 asset portfolios, concept of efficient frontier & optimum portfolio.	
Market Model: concept of beta systematic and unsystematic risk. Investor	
risk and return preferences: Indifference curves and the efficient frontier.	
Unit V: Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM):	10
Efficient frontier with a combination of risky and risk-free assets.	
Assumptions of single period classical CAPM model. Characteristic line,	
Capital Market Line, Security market Line. Expected return, required return,	
overvalued and undervalued assets.	

1. Prasanna Chandra: Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management; Tata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

Reference books and Supplementary Resources:

1. Fischer, D.E. & Jordan, R.J."Security Analysis & Portfolio Management"; Pearson Education.

BBAF 3020: FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

Course Description: This course is an introduction to derivative assets, financial engineering and risk management, the course covers the pricing of these derivative assets and further explores risk management strategies of static and dynamic hedging. Applications will be considered from equity, commodity, bond, and mortgage-backed markets.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the basics of derivative and its use to hedge risk
- 2. Comprehend the functioning of the forward and future contract and its valuation.
- 3. Explain Index Derivatives and its uses
- 4. Analyse the types of option and option valuation models.
- 5. Explain the swap contract and its implications.

Units	Number of lectures
Unit I: Introduction	6
Meaning and purpose of Derivatives, History of Derivative market, Derivative product, OTC, exchanged traded, Participants, Derivative Market in India - Present position in India- regulation; working and trading activity.	
Unit II: Forward &Future Contract	8
Features of forward contract, pricing of forward contract, settlement, cash & carry arbitrage, Reverse cash & carry arbitrage, future v/s forward, mark to market, open interest, volume, tick size, pricing of future, investment v/s consumption assets, interest yield and convergence.	
Unit III: Index Futures	10
Features and specification of index futures, contract size, contract value, pricing of index future, fair value, hedging with index futures, optimum hedge ratio.	
Unit IV: Options	10
Types of options; options trading; margins; valuation of options; Binomial option Pricing Model; Black-Schole model for Call/Put option; valuation of option, Index option; Option Markets- exchange traded option, over the counter option, quotes, trading, margins.	

Unit V: Swaps	6
Mechanism of interest rate Swaps, Valuation of interest rate swaps; currency swaps and its valuation; credit risk and swaps, Credit default swaps.	

1. Srivastava, rajiv. (2017). Derivatives and risk management. New delhi: oxford university press.

2. Chance, Don M: An Introduction to Derivative; Dryden Press, International Edition. **Reference books and Supplementary Resources:**

- 1. Hull, J., Option: Future and other Derivative, Prentice hall, New Delhi.
- 2. Singh, Y.P, Fundamental of Investment Management, Galgotias Publication Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Chew, Liian; Managing Derivative Risk, John Wily, New Jersey.
- 4. Das, Satyajit: SWAP and Derivative Financial Probus.
- 5. Kolb. Robert W.,: Understanding Future Markets, Prentice Hall Inc.

BBAF3021 ENTREPRUNEURSHIP AND NEW VENTURES

Course Description: This course discusses the basics every manager needs to know to setup successful entrepreneurial firms. Major topics include development of entrepreneurship in India, understanding of economic environment and how to scan the opportunities for entrepreneurship. It also provides an understanding of small-scale industries in India and further on helps students to understand preparation of a business plan.

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explore the role of innovation and entrepreneurship in Indian society.
- 2. Identify the determinants and importance of entrepreneurship.
- 3. Conceptualize the importance and role played by Small Scale Industry in the development of the Indian economy.
- 4. Apply models and theories of entrepreneurship and innovation to real life examples at the individual, organizational and institutional levels.
- 5. Identify and explain overview of the steps involved in starting a business venture.

Units	No. of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction: Entrepreneurship: Meaning, elements, determinants and importance of entrepreneurship and creative behaviour. Dimensions of entrepreneurship: intrapreneurship, technopreneurship, cultural entrepreneurship, international entrepreneurship, netpreneurship, ecopreneurship, and social entrepreneurship, etc.	8
Unit II: Entrepreneur and his environment Entrepreneurship and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Introduction to Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurship and Enterprise - Importance and relevance of the entrepreneur - Factors influencing entrepreneurship - Pros and Cons of being an entrepreneur - Women entrepreneurs, problems and promotion - Types of Entrepreneurs - Characteristics of a successful entrepreneur - Competency requirement for entrepreneurs - Awareness of self-competency and its development	8
Unit III: Small Scale Industries: Small Scale Industries - Small scale industries/ Tiny industries/Ancillary industries/ Cottage Industries – definition, meaning, product range, capital investment, ownership patterns - Importance and role played by SSI in the development of the Indian economy - Problems faced by SSI's and the steps taken to solve the problems - Policies governing SSI's.	8
Unit IV: Exploration to start a new business Starting a Small Industry -Understanding a business opportunity, scanning the environment for opportunities, understanding the impact of	8

technical disruption, Industry 4.0, methods to raise funds, evaluation of alternatives and selection	
Unit V: Setting up a new business venture	8
An overview of the steps involved in starting a business venture –	
location, clearances and permits required, formalities, licensing and	
registration procedures - Assessment of the market for the proposed	
project - Importance of financial, technical and social feasibility of the	
project, making a business plan.	

Text Books

1.Dollinger M.J. Entrepreneurship Strategies and Resources. Pearson Education, New Delhi, 3/e.

Reference books and supplementary sources

1. Pareek, U., and Rao, T. V., eds., "Developing Entrepreneurship: Handbook", 1978, Indian Institute of Management (IIM), Ahmedabad.

2. Sharma S.V.S., "Entrepreneurial Development-SIET's Experience in Developing Entrepreneurship: Issues and Problems", (1980), Small Industries Development Training Institute, Hyderabad.

3. Srivastava, S.B., "A Practical Guide to Industrial Entrepreneurs", 1980, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.

4. Kumar, A. et al., Entrepreneurial Development, New Age International Publisher, New Delhi.

BBAF3023: CORPORATE RESTRUCTURING

Course Description: This course is designed to provide an understanding of the essential elements of Corporate Restructuring and covers aspects of firm valuation, post-merger valuation, methods of payment and financing options at local and global level

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of various form of corporate restructuring and its impact on shareholders wealth maximization
- 2. Demonstrate various ways in which synergy is created and examine various forms of takeover defenses
- 3. Identify Factors affecting valuation and develop a mechanism of choosing between various methods of valuation.
- 4. Evaluate financially, the post-merger performance and its impact on company valuation
- 5. Appraise various alternatives to an M & A and evaluate various methods of financing an M & A

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	
Corporate Restructuring: Concept & Meaning, Need & Types, Structures & Problems. Some relevant case studies.	5
Unit II: Mergers & Acquisitions	
Mergers and Acquisitions: Introduction to mergers, types of mergers, theories of mergers & acquisitions; Cross-border mergers and acquisitions, issues and challenges in cross border M&A. Handling cross-culture and taxations issues in cross-border M&A. Analysis of Post-Merger Performance. Synergy and Its Valuation Demerger, types of demerger, reverse merger, buyback of shares,	10
leverage buy-out strategy, merger strategy - growth, synergy, operating synergy, financial synergy, diversification. Takeover and its types, takeover strategy, takeover bids, legal framework for mergers and acquisitions, leverages and buyouts; Hostile tender offers and various anti-takeover strategies.	
Unit III: Valuation	
Deal Valuation and Evaluation: Factors affecting valuation basics, methods of valuation, cash flow approaches, economic value added (EVA), sensitivity analysis, valuation under takeover regulation,	10

valuation for slump sale, cost-benefit analysis and swap ratio determination.	
Unit IV: Post Merger Evaluation and Integration	
Post-Merger Evaluation: Financial Evaluation of Mergers & Acquisitions, Impact on shareholders' Wealth; Methods of payment and financing options in mergers & acquisitions, financing decision, Merger, Acquisition and Competition law 2002, SEBI (Securities & Exchange Board of India) Takeover Code 2011 and criteria for negotiating friendly takeover.	10
Unit V: Alternatives to an M & A Alternatives to an M & A- Joint Ventures and Strategic alliances with relevant case studies.	5

- 1. Weston, Fred; Chung, Kwang S. & Siu, Jon A.: Takeovers, Restructuring and Corporate Governance, (2nd ed.). Pearson Education
- 2. Gupta, Manju (2010): Contemporary Issues in Mergers and Acquisitions. Himalaya Publishing

- 1. Sundarsanam (2006); Creating Value from Mergers and Acquisitions, (1st ed.) Pearson Education
- 2. Ramanujan. S. (1999); Mergers: The New Dimensions for Corporate Restructuring, McGraw Hill
- 3. Narayankar, Ravi, (2013): Merger and Acquisitions Corporate Restructuring, Strategy and Practices, (2nd ed.). International Book House Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. www.mergersindia.com

ELECTIVES

BBAF1009: ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Course Description: This course acquaints the students with the fundamentals of managing business and to understand individual and group behavior at workplace so as to improve the effectiveness of an organization.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the various forms of business organizations along with their suitability.
- 2. Develop an understanding of the dynamics of planning, decision-making, control and organizational structures in an organizational context as well as in real life situations.
- 3. Demonstrate their understanding with respect to conceptual foundations of organizational behaviour and various theories of perception, personality and learning.
- 4. Identify the various leadership styles and the role of leaders in an organization.
- 5. Analyse the complexities associated with management of the group behaviour in the organization.

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Forms of Business Ownership & Management theories	
Basic forms of Business Ownership: Sole proprietorship, Partnerships,	8
Corporations/ Company, Cooperatives: Advantages and Disadvantages; An	
Introduction to Special forms of ownership: Franchising, Licensing, Leasing;	
Evolution of Management Theory: Classical, Behavioural, Systems and	
Contingency approaches to Management, Managerial functions and roles (Henry	
Mintzberg).	
Unit II: Planning, Decision-making, Control & Organizational structures	
Overview of Planning: Types of Plans, The planning process, Making plans	10
effective, MBO as a tool for planning; Decision making: Process, Types and	
Techniques. Control: Function, Process and types of Control; Principles of	
organizing: Common Organisational structures-Functional product, Division,	
Customer, Geographic / Regional, Matrix, Hybrid, Networking organisational	
structures; Delegation & Decentralization: Factors affecting the extent of	
decentralization, Process and Principles of delegation.	
Unit III: Organizational Behavior, Personality, Perception & Learning	
Conceptual Foundations and Importance of organizational Behaviour,	6
Perception and Attribution: Concept, Nature, Process, Personality: Concept,	
Types and Theories of Personality, Learning: Concept and Theories of	
Learning, reinforcement, Emotional Intelligence.	
Unit IV: Motivation & Leadership	
Motivation: Concepts and their application, Need (Maslow and Herzberg),	10
Content & Process theories, Expectancy theory, Equity theory, goal Setting	
theory. Leadership: Leaders and Leadership Process: Traits, Behaviour, and	

Situational theories, Hersey & Blanchard's situational Leadership Model, Likert's 4 system model, Fiedler's Leadership contingency theory, House's Path- goal theory, Contemporary Leadership issues: Charismatic and Transformational Leadership	
Unit V: Power, Politics, Conflict & Change in organization	
Organisational Power and Politics: Concept, Sources of Power, Tactics to gain power in organizations. Nature of organisational politics. Conflict: Concept,	6
Sources, Types, Stages of conflict, Management of conflict, Organisational	
Change: Concept, Resistance to change, Managing resistance to change,	
Implementing Change, Kurt Lewin's Theory of Change.	

1. Chhabra T.N & Singh B.P, Organization Theory & Behaviour, Dhanpat Rai & Co.

- 1. Robbins Stephen P., Organisational Behaviour, Pearson Education.
- 2. LuthansFred, Organisational Behaviour, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Koontz & Heinz Weihrich, Essential of management McGraw Hill.
- 4. Kaul, Vijay Kumar, Management- Text & Cases, Vikas Publishing, New Delhi.
- 5. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, Management, Pearson Education.
- 6. Y.K. Bhushan, Fundamentals of Business Organisation & Management.
- 7. Principles of Management, Gilbert, McGraw Hill.
- 8. Richard L. Daft, Principles of Management, Cengage Learning, India.
- 9. Newstrom John W.: Organisational Behaviour, Tata McGraw Hill.

BBAF1010: BUSINESS ETHICS & CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Course Description: The objective of this paper is to make the students aware about the importance of ethics in the business, practices of good governance to encourage moral imagination and heightening sensitivity towards the ethical dimension of managerial problems.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of basics of business ethics.
- 2. Demonstrate various approaches, need, features and demonstration of corporate governance.
- 3. Identify Factors affecting moral issues in business and whistle blowing.
- 4. Evaluate financially, aspects related to marketing truth and discrimination.
- 5. Appraise various aspects of corporate social responsibility.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	10
Business ethics: Introduction: Meaning of ethics, Types of business ethic issues, why ethical problems occur in business, Ethical dilemmas in business Ethical principles in business: Utilitarianism: weighing social cost and benefits, Rights and duties Justice and fairness, the ethics of care, integrating utility, rights, justice and caring.	
Unit II: Different Approaches of Corporate Governance	
Corporate governance: concept, need to improve corporate governance standards, Features of good governance, Corporate governance abuses, Role played by regulators to improve corporate governance.	7
Different Approaches to Corporate Governance, Leadership and Corporate Governance Different models of Corporate Governance, Landmarks of Corporate Governance, Rights and Privileges of shareholders, Investor's Problem and protection, Corporate Governance and Other Stakeholders, Board of Directors; Role, Duties and Responsibilities of Auditors, Bank and Corporate Governance, Business Ethics and Corporate Governance.	
Unit III: Moral issues and Whistle Blowing	
Moral issues in business: Importance of moral issues and reasoning, Principles of moral reasoning, Quality of work life, implications of moral issues in different functional areas of business-like finance, HR and marketing.	10

Whistle blowing: Kinds of whistle blowing, blowing as morally prohibited, Whistle blowing as morally permitted, Whistle blowing as morally required, precluding the need for whistle blowing.	
Unit IV: Marketing truth and Discrimination	
Marketing truth and advertising: Marketing, Advertising, Truth and advertising, Manipulation and coercion, Allocation of moral responsibility in advertising	7
Discrimination, affirmative action, and reverse discrimination: Equal employment opportunity, Affirmative action, Preferential hiring.	
UNIT V: Corporate Social Responsibility Corporate social responsibility: Meaning, Evolution of corporate social responsibility, Limits of corporate social responsibility, Voluntary responsibility Vs. Legal requirements, Profit maximization vs. social responsibility. Socially Responsive Management: Strategies of response, formulating socially responsive strategies.	6

- 1. Fernando, A. C. Corporate Governance- Principles, Policies and Practices. Pearson Education.
- 2. Ferrell, O. C., Fredrich, J. P.&Ferrel, L. Business Ethics- Ethical Decision Making and Cases.
- 3. Bhanu Murthy, K. V. & Krishna, U. Politics Ethics and Social Responsibilities of Business, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 4. Kumar , A. Corporate Governance : Theory and Practice, International book House. New Delhi (2012).

- 1. Sharma J. P. Corporate Governance, Business Ethics & CSR. Ane Books Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Mallin, C. A. Corporate Governance. Oxford University Press (Indian Edition).
- 3. Tricker, B. Corporate Governance-Principles, Policies, and Practice. Oxford University Press (Indian Edition).

BBAF 1011: MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

Course Description: This course is designed to provide students a basic understanding of the role and functions of a manager and to explain the principles, concepts and techniques used by manager in carrying out the work.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Appreciate the concept of management and its evolution over the years.
- 2. Describe the various functions of management like planning, organising, staffing, directing, coordinating and control.
- 3. Explain the concept of motivation through the lenses of various theories.
- 4. Critically analyse the basic assumptions and differences in various theories of leadership.
- 5. Evaluate the importance of communication in an organisation and recommend various ways to improve it for organizational success.

Units	Number Lectures	of
Unit I: Introduction	8	
Concept, nature, process and significance of management; Schools of		
management thought: scientific approach school, human behaviour school,		
social system school, decisions theory school; quantitative approach school,		
systems approach school, contingency theory of management; Managerial		
skills.		
Unit II: Managerial Functions	10	
Planning: concept, significance, types; Corporate strategy; Environmental analysis and diagnosis.		
Organizing: concept, principles, types of organizations; Contemporary		
organisational formats: Project, Matrix and Networking; Authority,		
responsibility, power, delegation, decentralization;		
Staffing; Directing; Coordinating; Control- nature, process and techniques.		
Unit III: Motivation	8	
Process of motivation; Theories of motivation- Need hierarchy theory,		
Theory X and Theory Y, Ouchy's theory Z, Two factor theory, Alderfer's		
ERG theory, McClelland's learned need theory, Victor Vroom's Expectancy		
Theory, Stacy Adams Equity Theory.		
Unit IV: Leadership	8	
Fundamental concept; Leadership styles; Theories- Trait theory, Behavioural		
theory, Fiedler's contingency theory; Harsey and Blanchard's situational		
theory; Managerial grid; Likert's four systems of leadership, Situational		
leadership, Transactional and Transformational leadership.		
Unit V: Communication	6	
Concept of two-way communication; Communication process; Barriers to		
effective communication; Types of organisational communication;		
Improving communication; Transactional analysis in communication.		

- 1. Prasad, L. M., Principles and Practice of Management, S. Chand Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Chhabra, T.N., Principles and Practice of Management, Dhanpat Rai & Company.

- 1. Hellreigel, D., Slocum, J.W. & Woodman, J. R.W. Organizational Behaviour. South Western College Publishing, Ohio.
- 2. Hersey, P., Blanchard, K. H. & Johnson, D. E. Management of Organisational Behaviour: Utilising Human Resources. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Ivancevich, John and Matheson, M. T. Organisational Behaviour and Management, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Luthans, F. Organizational Behaviour. McGraw-Hill, New York.

BBAF 1012: PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

Course Description: This course introduces the students to the theory and practice of production management as a functional area in the management of business enterprise. It also includes the methods, strategies, and application of various economical and mathematical tools in solving the production and operation related problems.

Course Outcomes:

On the successful completion of the course, the student would be able to:

- 1. Define the roles/functions of production management in the context of business enterprise
- 2. Develop an ability to apply operations management concepts for forecasting.
- 3. Identify the problems and opportunities faced by the operations manager in manufacturing and service operations.
- 4. Build the skills to plan for effective production management.
- 5. Apply the control instruments to improve the efficiency in the quality processes.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction to Production & Operations Management:	10
Definition, need, responsibilities, key decisions of OM, goods vs.	
services. Operations as a key functional area in an organization.	
Operation Strategies-Definition, relevance, strategy formulation	
process, order qualifying and order winning attributes. Maintenance	
Management: Need of maintenance management, equipment life	
cycle	
(Bathtub curve), measures for maintenance performance (MTBF,	
MTTR, and availability).	
Unit II: Forecasting- Definition, types, qualitative (grassroots,	10
market research, and Delphi method) and quantitative approach	
(simple moving average method, weighted moving average and single	
exponential smoothing method), forecast error, MAD.	
Unit III: Process Selection:	10
Definition, Characteristics that influence the choice of	
alternative processes (volume and variety), type of processes- job	
shop, batch, mass and continuous, product-process design Matrix and	
Services design matrix, technology issues in process design, flexible	
manufacturing systems (FMS), computer integrated manufacturing	
(CIM). Layout Decision: Layout planning – Benefits of good layout,	
importance, different types of layouts (Process, Product, Group	
technology and Fixed position layout).	
Unit IV: Aggregate Planning:	5
Definition, nature, strategies of aggregate planning, methods of	
aggregate planning (level plan, chase plan, and mixed plan, keeping	
in mind demand, workforce and average inventory).	

Unit V: Statistical Quality control:	5
Variations in process (common & amp; assignable causes), Control	
charts: Variable measures (mean and range chart), Attribute	
measures (proportion of defects and no. of defects) using control	
tables.	

1. Chase R B, Aquilano N J, Jacobs F R, and Agarwal N, Production & Operations Management Manufacturing and Services, Tata McGraw Hill.

- 1. Mahadevan B, Operations Management Theory & Practice, Pearson Education
- 2. Heizer Jay and Render Barry, Production & Operations Management, Pearson Education
- 3.S.P. Gupta, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Sons.

BBAF2019: INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND LABOUR LAWS

Course Description: This course familiarizes the students with the understanding of provisions of industrial related laws. Case studies and problems involving issues in industrial laws are required to be discussed.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge of and ability to use various laws relating to employees
- 2. Evaluate the functioning of ESI corporation and how it regulates working of companies
- 3. Develop an understanding of payment of wages act and compensation to employee's act.
- 4. Demonstrate an ability to analyze and evaluate calculation of bonus, the disqualifications under it, set on and set off provisions etc.
- 5. Examine the payment of gratuity act and employer's duty to determine and pay.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: The Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 Definitions; Schemes under the Act – Employees' Provident Fund Scheme; Employees' Pension Scheme, 1995; Employees' Deposit linked Insurance Scheme.	4
Unit II: Employees State Insurance Act, 1948	
Objects and Applicability of the Schemes; Definitions: Personal Injury, Factory, Manufacturing Process, Wages, Partial and Permanent Disablement; ESI Corporation, Standing Committee and Medical Benefit Council; Contributions; Adjudication of Dispute and Claims, Benefits.	8
Unit III: Payment of Wages Act, 1936	5
Definitions – Employed Person, Employer, Factory, Industrial or other Establishment, Wages; Responsibility for Payment of Wages; Fixation of Wage Period; Time of Payment of Wages; Mode of Payment; Deductions from Wages, Fines	
Unit IV: The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965	10
Definitions – Accounting year, allocable surplus, available surplus, employee, employer, establishments, salary or wage; determination of bonus, calculation of bonus, eligibility for bonus, disqualifications for bonus, payment of minimum and maximum bonus, set on and set off of allocable surplus, deductions of certain amounts from bonus payable, time limit for payment of bonus.	

Unit V: Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and Employee's Compensation Act, 1923	13
Applicability and non- applicability of the Act; Definitions-employee, employer, continuous service; payment of gratuity; forfeiture of gratuity; employer's duty to determine and pay gratuity; recovery of gratuity; penalties.	15
Employee's Compensation Act, 1923 Definitions: dependent, employer, partial and total disablement, workmen, injury, occupational disease; accident; employer's liability for compensation; amount of compensation; contracting; commissioner; case laws	

1. Sharma, J.P., Simplified Approach to Labour Laws, Bharat Law House (P) Ltd., New Delhi **Reference books and supplementary resources:**

1. Malik, K.L., Industrial Laws and Labour Laws, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.

2. Kumar, H.L., Digest of Labour Cases, Universal Law Publishing Co P Ltd, New Delhi

3. Srivastava, S.C., Industrial Relations & Labour Laws, Vikas Publishing House (P) Ltd

BBAF 2020: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Course Description: This course provides an exposure to the students about the nature and extent of research orientation, which they are expected to possess when they enter the industry as practitioners.

Course Outcome:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Define the basic framework of research.
- 2. Analyse the various research designs used in the research.
- 3. Identify the various sources of data collection.
- 4. Explain the different scaling techniques to conducting research.
- 5. Demonstrate the techniques of data analysis in research more appropriately.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	5
Nature and Scope of Business Research – Role of Business Research in	
decision making. Applications of Business Research; The Research process –	
Steps in the research process; the research proposal; Problem Formulation:	
Management decision problem vs. Business Research problem.	
Unit II: Research Design	5
Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive & Causal. Validity in	
experimentation-internal validity and external validity. Secondary Data	
Research: Advantages & Disadvantages of Secondary Data, Criteria for	
evaluating secondary sources, secondary sources of data in Indian	
Context, Syndicated Research (in India).	
Unit III: Primary Data Collection	10
Survey Vs Observations. Random sample collection methods. Comparison of	
self-administered, telephone, mail, emails techniques. Qualitative Research	
Tools: Depth Interviews focus groups and projective techniques.	
rooms. Depth interviews focus groups and projective techniques.	
Unit IV: Measurement & Scaling	10
Primary scales of Measurement-Nominal, Ordinal, and Interval & Ratio.	
Scaling techniques-paired comparison, rank order, constant sum, semantic	
differential, itemized ratings,Likert Scale; Questionnaire-form & design.	
Fundamentals of Scale Evaluation-Reliability, Validity and Generalizability	
Sampling: Sampling techniques, determination of sample size using statistical	
techniques, Cronbach's Alpha test for reliability (using the software).	
Unit V: Data and the Methods of Analysis	10
Data and the Methods of Analysis: Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) One-Way	
& Two-Way, Chi-square test (goodness of fit). Multivariate Data Analysis:	
Factor Analysis(Principal Component Analysis), Discriminant Analysis. The	
above statistical test also to be explained using statistical software packages.	

1.Chawla, D, &Sondhi,N. (2011) Research Methodology Concepts and Cases (1st ed.), Vikas Publishing House.

2. Malhotra, N & Dash. S (2010) Marketing Research An Applied Orientation (6th ed.), Pearson, Prentice Hall of India.

Reference books and supplementary resources:

1.Zikmund, W.G., Babin, B.J., Carr, J.C. & Griffin, M. (2013) Business Research Methods (9th ed.), Cengage Learning.

2.Johnson, R.A. &Wichern, D.W. (1997) Business Statistics-Decision Making with Data (1st ed.), John Wiley & Sons.

3.Cooper, D.R. & Schindler, P.S. (2008) Business Research Methods (10th ed.), McGraw Hill Education.

BBAF 2021: ADVANCED ACCOUNTING

Course Description: Accounting plays a vital role as an information system for monitoring, problem-solving and decision-making. However, the first step is to generate and present information in a manner that is useful. In recognition of this, the advanced accounting course focuses on the accounting for more advanced aspects of accounting & preparation of necessary ledger for recording business transactions.

Course Outcomes

On the successful completion of the course, the student would be able to:

- 1. Prepare necessary ledger accounts under depreciation accounting by different methods
- 2. Analyze necessary ledger accounts under Single-entry, Hire-purchase & Installmentpayment system.
- 3. Prepare necessary ledger accounts for Non-Profit Organizations
- 4. Prepare necessary ledger accounts under partnership accounts I, i.e., admission, retirement & death of partner
- 5. Interpret necessary ledger accounts under partnership accounts II, i. e., dissolution of a firm

Units	Number	of
	Lectures	
Unit I: Depreciation, Provisions and Reserves	6	
Depreciation: Meaning, Causes, Objects of providing for depreciation,		
Factors affecting depreciation, Accounting Treatment, Methods of		
providing depreciation: Straight line method, Diminishing Balance		
Method. Provisions and Reserves: Reserve Fund, Different Types of		
Provisions and Reserves.		
Unit II:Accounts from Incomplete Records	10	
Single Entry System: Features, Books and Accounts maintained,		
Recording of transactions, Ascertainment of Profit (Statement of Affairs		
method only).		
Hire Purchase System: Features, Accounting Treatment in the Books of		
Hire Purchaser and Hire Vendor, Default and Repossession.		
Installment Purchase System: Difference between Hire purchase and		
Installment Purchase Systems, Accounting Treatment in the books of		
Purchaser and Vendor.		
Unit III: Accounting of Non-Profit Organizations	8	
Non-Profit Entities: Features of Non-Profit Entities, Accounting process,		
Preparation of summaries, Receipts and Payments Account: Meaning and		
special features, Procedure for preparation, Uses and limitations. Income		
and Expenditure Account: Features, Procedure for preparation-		
Preparation of Balance Sheet.		
Unit IV:Partnership Accounts	8	
Legal provisions in the absence of Partnership Deed Fluctuating Capitals,		
Preparation of final accounts Treatment of Goodwill and Admission of a		
partner. Accounting treatment of Retirement and Death of a Partner		

Unit V:Dissolution of Firm	8
Dissolution of Firm (Excluding Sale to Firm, Company and	
Amalgamation).Dissolution of Partnership Firms: Legal Position,	
Accounting for simple dissolution, Applications of rule in case of Garner	
Vs. Murray in case of insolvency of partner(s) (excluding piecemeal	
distribution and sale of a firm to a company).	

1. Gupta, V. K., "Principles & Practice of Accountancy", S Chand & Co, New Delhi. *Note: Latest edition of book can be used.*

- 1. Shukla, M.C., Grewal, T.S. and Gupta, S.C., "Advanced Accountancy", Vol. I & II, S Chand & Co, New Delhi
- 2. Gupta, R. L. &Radheswamy, M., "Advanced Accountancy" Vol. I & II, S Chand & Co, New Delhi
- 3. Maheshwari, S.N. & Maheshwari, V.L., "Advanced Accountancy" Vol. I & II, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Sehgal, A. &Sehgal, D., "Advanced Accountancy" Vol. I & II, Taxmann Publication Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 5. Sinha, G., "Accounting Theory & Management Accounting", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

BBAF2022: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to bring out issues involved in the management of human resources (HRM), both from current theory as well as practice. The course will examine individuals at work and discuss various aspects which are basic to human motivation at work and in fulfilling career aspirations within organizations. Human resource management involves various issues right from selection-placement to performance appraisal, salary-career management, and training, etc. of employees in organizations.

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the scope and applications of Human resource Management.
- 2. Explain the various dimensions related to management of Human Resources.
- 3. Analyze the strategic role of human resource management in organizations and develop an insight into the managerial skills required to effectively manage people in an organization.
- 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of compensation plans and benefit programs appropriate for various types of organizations.
- 5. Identify and describe the context in which unions and employers meet to organize, bargain, and resolve disputes.

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	6
Nature, scope, role, importance and functions of HRM, Evolution of	
HRM, Personnel Management vs. HRM, Challenges and New trends in	
HRM, Strategies for the New Millennium: Role of HRM in Strategic	
Management.	
Unit II: Acquiring Human Resources	8
Objectives and Process HR Planning, Job Analysis – Job Description and	
Job Specification, Recruitment – Sources and Process, Selection Process	
- Tests and Interviews, Placement and Induction, Job Changes -	
Transfers, Promotions/Demotions, Separations.	
Unit III: Developing Human Resources	8
Concept, Importance and Types of Training, Methods of Training,	
Designing a Training Programme, Evaluation of Training Effectiveness,	
Performance and Potential Appraisal - Concept and Objectives,	
Traditional and Modern Methods for Evaluation of Employee	
Performance, Limitations of Performance Appraisal Methods.	
Unit IV: Compensation and Industrial Relations	12
Types of Compensation, Job Evaluation - Concept, Process and	
Significance, Components of Employee Remuneration - Base and	
Supplementary. Dynamics of Industrial Relations, Discipline and	
Grievance Management, Collective Bargaining.	
	6
Unit V: Current issues in HRM	

Human Resource Outsourcing, Work-life balance, International HRM,	
Managing Inter Country Differences, Dual Career Couples, Employee	
and Ergonomics.	

Text Books

1. Aswathappa, K., Human Resource Management, McGraw Hill Education.

- 1. Durai, P. (2013). Human Resource Management, Pearson Education.
- 2. Rao, V.S.P. Human Resource Management: Text and Cases. Excel Books.
- 3. Bohlander, Snell & Sherman (2012). Human Resource Management. Thomson Press.

BBAF 3025: INVESTMENT BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES

Course description: This course covers different aspects of Investment banking, mergers and acquisition and associated regulatory aspects.

Course outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Analyze concepts and significance of investment banking in Indian financial system.
- 2. Evaluate the issue management process of raising fund from market and regulatory concerns.
- 3. Compare and contrast concepts related to leasing, hire purchase, factoring and housing finance arrangement in financial system.
- 4. Appraise the need and importance of venture capital as one of the financial services
- 5. Develop an understanding of the process and significance of credit rating

Units	Number of Lectures
UNIT- 1: Introduction of Financial system	
Introduction: An Overview of Indian Financial System, Investment Banking in India, Recent Developments and Challenges ahead, Institutional structure and Functions of Investment / Merchant Banking; SEBI guidelines for Merchant Bankers, Registration, obligations and responsibilities of Lead Managers, Regulations regarding Continuance of association of lead manager with an issue	8
UNIT-II:Issue Management	
Issue Management: Public Issue: classification of companies, eligibility, issue pricing, promoter's contribution, minimum public offer, prospectus, allotment, preferential allotment, private placement, Book Building process, designing and pricing, Green Shoe Option;	10

Right Issue: promoter's contribution, minimum subscription, advertisements, contents of offer document, Bought out Deals, Post issue work & obligations, Investor protection, Broker, sub broker and underwriters	
UNIT –III: leasing and hire purchase	
Leasing and Hire Purchase : Concepts of leasing, types of leasing – financial & operating lease, direct lease and sales & lease back, advantages and limitations of leasing, Lease rental determination; Finance lease evaluation problems (only Lessee's angle), Hire Purchase interest &Installment, difference between Hire Purchase & Leasing, Choice criteria between Leasing and Hire Purchase mathematics of HP, Factoring, forfaiting and its arrangement, Housing Finance : Meaning and rise of housing finance in India, Fixing the amount of loan, repricing of a loan, floating vs. fixed rate, Practical problems on housing finance.	10
UNIT-IV: Venture Capital	
Venture Capital: Concept, history and evolution of VC, the venture investment process, various steps in venture financing, incubation financing.	7
Unit V: Credit Ratings	
Introduction, types of credit rating, advantages and disadvantages of credit ratings, Credit rating agencies and their methodology, International credit rating practices.	5

1. Khan, M.Y., Financial Services, Tata McGraw Hill.

- 1. M.Y.Khan, 'Financial Services', Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Machiraju, 'Indian Financial System', Vikas Publishing House, 2 nd Edition.
- 3. J.C.Verma, 'A Manual of Merchant Banking', Bharath Publishing House, New Delhi,
- 4. K.Sriram, 'Hand Book of Leasing, Hire Purchase & Factoring', ICFAI, Hyderabad.

BBAF3026: CORPORATE ANALYSIS AND VALUATION

Course Description: This course will enable the students to analyze the overall health of a company through their annual reports and will equip them to understand how to determine its value. It also enables the students to to analyse a firm's financial statements when undertaking corporate valuations, including how to derive underlying earnings and cash flow, ratio analysis, including profitability, performance, leverage, liquidity, returns to firm and equity. The impact on valuation of debt, financial assets, quasi-debt, provisions, deferred taxes, off balance sheet liabilities and other factors is further studied

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of the financial statements for analysis.
- 2. Apply appropriate tools for executing the financial analysis.
- 3 Develop an understanding of the Discounted Cash flow valuation methodology

4. Comprehend the methodology of relative valuation and draw a comparison with the DCF methodology

5. Assess the factors impacting firm valuation

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Analysis of Corporate Financial Statements:	8
Income statements and Balance sheets through ratio analysis and analyzing	
the Chairman's statement, Directors' report, management discussion &	
analysis, report on corporate governance, auditor's report to evaluate the	
financial soundness of the company. Understanding financial statements of	
manufacturing and service organizations. Common size analysis and relevant	
ratios.	
Unit II: Introduction to Valuation:	8
Value and price, Balance sheet-based methods, Income statement-based	
methods, Multiples, Goodwill-based methods. Cash flow discounting-based	
methods.	
Unit III: Discounted Cash flow Valuation:	8
Deciding the appropriate cash flow for discounting The free cash flow to the	
firm, free cash flow to equity . Forecasting Cash flows: simple model for	
forecasting income and cash flows. Earnings, Tax effect, Reinvestment	
needs, dividend.	
Unit IV: Relative Valuation:	8
Valuation of a company with no growth, constant growth, variable growth	
and infinite life. Estimating discount rates-cost of equity, cost of equity, cost	
of debt, tax shield, weighted average cost of capital. The estimation of equity	
risk premium, calculation of beta, instability of beta, adjusted beta, levered	
and unlevered beta, bottoms up beta.	
Unit V: Company Valuation and its various associated factors:	8
Standard multiples, comparable companies, potential pitfalls; estimating	
multiples using regression. Valuation of brands and intellectual capital.	

1. Chandra, P. (2011).Corporate Valuation and Value Creation, (1st ed). TMH

- 1. Foster, George Financial Statement Analysis, 2nd ed., Pearson Education Pvt Ltd
- 2. Damodaran, A. (2008). Damodaran on Valuation, Security Analysis for investment and Corporate Finance (2nd ed.). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
 - 3. Pablo Fernandez, Valuation and Common Sense, free download from SSRN

BBAF3027: BUSINESS TAX PLANNING

Course Description: This course aims at acquainting students with the corporate tax structure and tax planning in operational as well as strategic terms. It enables the students to understand the implications of corporate tax planning for financial management.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of the provisions of corporate taxation in practical terms.
- 2. Analyse tax planning methods to minimize tax liability with reference to new business and financial management decisions.
- 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of potential opportunities for tax savings and tax planning.
- 4. Examine the taxation procedures associated with corporate restructuring and corporate management.
- 5. Evaluate the relief available to assessee in case of double taxation of income.

Course Contents:

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	
Tax planning, tax management, tax evasion, tax avoidance, Corporate tax in	10
India: types of companies, Residential status of companies and tax incidences,	
tax liability and minimum alternative tax, tax on distributed profits of	
companies.	
Unit II: Tax planning with reference to new business and financial	
management	10
Tax planning with reference to setting up a new business: Location aspect,	
nature of business, form of business. Tax planning with reference to financial	
management decision - capital structure, dividend including deemed dividend	
and bonus shares.	
Unit III: Tax planning with reference to management decisions and	
employee remuneration	5
Tax planning with reference to specific management decisions - Make or buy,	
own or lease, repair or replace. Tax planning with reference to employee	
remuneration,	
Unit IV: Tax planning with reference to business restructuring	
Tax Planning with reference to business restructuring- Amalgamation,	5
Demerger, Slump Sale, Transfer between holding and subsidiary companies.	
Unit V: International taxation	
Tax deducted at source, Advance Tax, double taxation relief, Transfer pricing.	10

Text books:

1. Dr. Monica Singhania, Dr.Vinod K. Singhania, Corporate tax planning and Business Tax Procedures, Taxmann Publications.

- 1. Dr. Girish Ahuja and Ravi Gupta, Simplified Approach to Corporate Tax Planning & Management, Bharat law House.
- 2. S.P Goyal, Direct tax planning: Sahitya Bhawan.
- 3. Finance Act for the relevant Assessment Year.

BBAF 3028: INTERNATIONAL TRADE BLOCKS AND MULTILATERAL AGENCIES

Course Description: This course is designed to acquaint the students with the latest developments related to international business and understand India's relations with different international agencies with respect to international trade and funding.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate the importance of doing international business for a country with reference to various theories on international trade.
- 2. Analyse the emergence of various trade blocks in international economic environment and India's trade relations with each of them.
- 3. Identify the different modes of international investment and the factors affecting it.
- 4. Summarize the role of different economic institutions in facilitating foreign trade.
- 5. Appraise the role of international relations in facilitating major Indian projects with real life case studies.

Units	Number of
	Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	10
Review of economic theory on international trade: Basis for	
international trade; gains from trade; distributional issues, policy	
instruments and their impact, political economy; Importance,	
nature and scope of international relation, modes of entry into	
international business, internationalization process and	
managerial implications; Domestic, foreign and global	
environments and their impact on international business decision;	
Growing concern for green trades.	
Unit II: International economic & trading environment	10
Regional integration and trade blocks, regionalism v/s.	10
multilateralism; European union, integration of developing	
countries - BRICS, ASEAN, SAARC, SAFTA, NAFTA, G-20;	
India's role in facilitating trade relations under BRICS, SAARC,	
SAFTA, ASEAN and to WTO.	
Unit III: International investment	6
Types and significance of foreign investments; Factors affecting	0
international investment; Growth and dispersion of FDI.	
Unit IV: Economic institutions	8
International Monetary Funds (IMF), World Bank (IBRD,IDA,	
IFC), Asian Development Bank, BRICS Development Bank,	
Bilateral funding arrangements with special reference to Japan	
International Cooperation Agencies (JICA), agencies of USA;	
Unit V: Bilateral Financing arrangements of Indian projects:	6

Case studies on bilateral financing arrangements of Indian	
projects like Delhi Metro, Dedicated Freight corridor, Nuclear	
Power Plant etc.	

- 1. Roger, Bennet (1999). International Business, Financial Times. London, Pitman Publishing
- 2. Charles, W.L. Hill and Jain, Kumar, Arun. International Business, Tata McGraw Hill.

- 1. Sharan, Vyuptakesh (2003). International Business (2nd ed.). India: Pearson Education.
- 2. Krueger, Anne O. (2002). Economic Policy Reforms and the Indian Economy. OUP.
- 3. Velasquez, Manuel G. (2012). Business Ethics Concepts and Cases (7th ed.). PHI

BBAF3029: CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

Course Description: The course aims at providing a sound understanding to the students of corporate accounting. It dwells into core concepts of accounting for share capital, joint stock company, goodwill and amalgamation of companies. The course further equips students to obtain an understanding of various aspects of capital structure and issue of shares.

Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of various issues involving accounting for share capital
- 2. Prepare financial statements of joint-stock companies
- 3. Explain valuation of corporate goodwill
- 4. Perform valuation of shares
- 5. Prepare accounting statements with respect to the amalgamation of companies

Units	No. of Lectures
Unit I: Accounting for Share Capital	10
Equity Share Capital – Issue, Forfeiture, and Re-issue of Forfeited	
Shares; Issue of Bonus Shares and Right Shares; Buy-back of Shares.	
Concept of Book Building, Dematerialization, and Employees Stock	
option Scheme. Issue of Shares to Vendors, Promoters, and Issue of	
Sweat Equity Shares. SEBI Guidelines. Issue and Redemption of	
Preference Shares.	
Accounting for Debentures: Types of Debentures; Issue and	
Redemption of Debentures – Sinking Fund Method, Redemption by	
Purchase in Open Market; Concept of Cum-Interest and Ex-Interest	
quotations.	
Unit II: Preparation of Financial Statements of a Joint Stock	10
Company	
Preparation of Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet. Treatment of	
Taxation and Provision for Taxation in Final Accounts of Companies.	
Treatment of Dividend and Bonus to Shareholders. Treatment of Pre-	
incorporation Profit or Loss. Form of Balance Sheet as per the Companies Act.	
UnitIII: Valuation of Goodwill	4
Meaning and Features; Types of Goodwill; Factors affecting	4
Goodwill; Goodwill Valuation Methods- Valuation based on	
Average Profits and Super Profits.	
Average Froms and Super Froms.	
Unit IV: Valuation of Shares	6
Valuation of Shares: Concept of Valuation of Shares; Need for	0
Valuation; Factors affecting Valuation of Shares; Valuation of	
Equity Shares based on Net Assets and Profitability; Net Asset	
Valuation of Participating Preference Shares; Fair Value of a Share.	
Unit V: Accounting for Amalgamation of Companies	10
Meaning; Types of Amalgamation; Calculation of Purchase	
Consideration; Accounting Treatment in the books of Transferor and	
Transferee Companies.	

Accounting for Reconstruction of a Company: Accounting for	
External Reconstruction; Alteration of Share Capital; Reduction of	
Share Capital; Accounting for Internal Reconstruction;	
Reconstruction through Re-issue of Surrendered Shares.	

Text Books

1. Monga, J.R., Fundamentals of Corporate Accounting, Mayur Paper Backs, New Delhi. **Reference books and supplementary sources**

- 1. Sehgal, Ashok and Deepak Sehgal, Corporate Accounting, Taxman Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. S.N. and S. K. Maheshwari, Corporate Accounting, Vikas Publishing House.

BBAF 3030: STRATEGIC CORPORATE FINANCE

Course Description: This course blends corporate finance with strategy and covers aspects of cost management, Capital structure, Valuation and Risk Management

Course outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of corporate finance.
- 2. Demonstrate various ways in which cost can be minimized.
- 3. Identify Factors affecting capital structure.
- 4. Appraise Valuation scenarios and factors impacting valuation.
- 5. Evaluate the types of risk and their management.

Units	Number of lectures
Unit I: Introduction Introduction to strategic corporate finance: Strategy Vs Planning, significance of strategy in financial decisions, Different types of financial strategy for Shareholders Wealth Maximization, overall corporate value addition and Economic Value Addition.	8
Unit II: Strategic Cost Management Strategic Cost Management: Traditional costing Vs Strategic Costing, Relevant costs Vs Irrelevant costs, Different types of strategic costing and their relevance- Target Costing, Activity based Costing, Life Cycle Costing.	8
Unit III: Capital Structure Fundraising: identification of different sources of development capital, determination of capital structure and factors affecting the capital structure, cost of capital and cost saving strategy, production of a business plan and financial forecasts to enable potential funders to assess the proposition.	8
Unit IV: Company Valuation Company Valuation: an overview of valuation, valuation principles and practices more, the impact of "what if" scenarios, the key financial and commercial factors affecting the business. Value enhancement tools & techniques, the link between valuation and corporate finance. Due Diligence: financial due diligence for both purchasers and financial institutions.	8
Unit V: Risk Management Strategic risk management, the substitutability of capital structure and risk management choices, such as process control efforts, financial, physical, and operational hedging, value-based management.	8

Textbook:

1. Aswath Damodaran: Corporate finance theory and practice; John willey& sons, Inc.

- 1. Damodaran: Strategic Risk Taking: A Framework for Risk Management ; Prentice Hall.
- 2. I M Pandey: Financial Management; Vikas Publishing House

BBAF3031: MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Course Description: This course is designed to provide an understanding of the essential elements of Management of financial institutions and covers basics of financial intermediaries, financial markets, market risk and flow of funds in market.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of various aspects related to management of financial institutions.
- 2. Demonstrate various ways in which synergy is created and examine various form of flow of funds.
- 3. Identify Factors affecting institutional risk management.
- 4. Evaluate financially, credit and risk management techniques.
- 5. Appraise various alternatives available for measurement of risk.

Units	Number of Lectures
Unit I: Introduction	10
Financial Intermediation; Kinds of Intermediation; Financial Institution and its kinds; An overview of the Indian financial system; Regulation of Banks, NBFCs & FIs; Products offered by Banks and FIs. CRR & SLR management; Capital Adequacy: Capital adequacy norms; Basel agreement-II&III effect of capital requirements on bank operating policies.	
Unit II: Flow of Funds in Financial Market	
Statement of Financial Sector: Flow of Funds Accounts – Sector wise and Instrument wise. Statements of Financial Institution: Analyzing Bank's Financial Statement: The balance sheet; income statement; Cash Flow Statement; profitability, liquidity and solvency analysis; Performance Analysis of banks: CAMELS Risk system; KPIs; Data Envelopment Analysis. Asset Liability Management: RBI guidelines on asset liability management.	7
Unit III: Institutional Risk	
Institutional Risk Management: Interest Rate Risk; Market Risk; Credit Risk; Liquidity Risk; Operational Risk. Determination of Interest Rate. Theories of Interest Rates: Classical Theory; Loanable Funds Theory; Liquidity Preference Theory; Term Structure of Interest Rates. Interest Rate Risk Management: Measurement of Interest Rate Risk; Duration and its kinds; Convexity. Managing Interest Rate Risk:	10

Repricing Gap Model, Maturity Matching Model, Duration Gap Model, Cash Flow Matching Model; Convexity Adjustments.	
Unit IV: Risk Management	
Credit & Liquidity Risk Management: Types of Assets, NPA & its types, Management of NPA, Measurement of Credit Risk – Qualitative and Quantitative models. Modelling Credit Risk; Term Structure of Credit Risk; Managing Credit Risk: Credit Analysis and kinds of Loans; Pricing of Loans.	7
Unit V: Liquidity Risk Management	
Liquidity Risk Management: Measurement of Liquidity Risk; Measures of Liquidity Exposure; Causes of Liquidity risk: Asset-Side and Liability-Side; Managing Liquidity Risk: Purchased Liquidity management and Stored Liquidity management; Liquidity Planning; Deposit Insurance; Discount Window.	6

- 1. Saunders & Cornett "Financial Institutions Management A risk management approach" Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Resti & Sironi "Risk management and shareholders' value in banking" John Wiley
- 3. Rose & Hudgins "Bank management and financial services"

- 1. IIBF-"Bank Financial Management"
- 2. Paul& Suresh "Management of Banking and Financial Services "
- 3. Subramanyam "Investment Banking"
- 4. Madhuvij -- "Management of financial institutions"